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The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE magnificent and imposing ceremonies recently celebrated at Rome may be taken as conclusive evidence of a vitality which prejudice has tried to ignore but which has been palpable to all dispassionate observers. Nothing short of a formal Council has ever congregated, in the Capital of the Christian world or elsewhere, so many distinguished ecclesiastics and eminent laymen. It would be to take a superficial view of the case to suppose that the nominal object of this convocation was the only or primary one. The Catholic Church has fallen upon a transitionary epoch. Arrangements well suited to the Middle Ages are now anachronistic, and must necessarily be put away. The Italian government and people feel this, and are resolved to adapt their political institutions to the genius of modern progress and enlightenment. The Italian priesthood look upon these formidable popular movements alternately with indignation and contempt. Adhering to the Conservative maxim that what is must remain, they counsel resistance to all changes, no matter how beneficial, as mischievous innovations. It is fair to infer that enlightened churchmen from this and other liberal nations are imbued with better sentiments, and see that the church, in order to maintain its power, must yield to that which, in the course of events, has become inevitable. If the informal private conferences, held in connection with the current public ceremonies, shall not lead to an adjustment of the existing complications, it is not improbable that a general council will result therefrom. Since the adjournment of the Council of Trent, which settled the disputes growing out of the Protestant Reformation, no exigency has arisen in which the highest wisdom of the Church was required, or in which its display was likely to be attended by larger or more salutary consequences to Europe, and, indeed, to all Christendom. Already there are rumors that a council will be held, and that one of the important points it will consider, will be the temporal dominion of the Pope, which stands in the way of the unification of Italy and has become a most perplexing problem in European Diplomacy, and threatens the Holy Father with the loss of his Italian adherents. This question adjusted to meet the new condition of political ideas, the Church will enter upon a fresh development, in which its power will be vastly augmented.

CONGRESS re-assembled yesterday. In the House the Committee on Reconstruction was announced with Mr. STEVENS as Chairman. It was announced through the proper committee that the President has decided upon sending in no address, preferring to let Congress go it alone. Much of the time was occupied in debate on the contested seats of the Kentucky members who are charged with disloyalty. The subject was left with the committee.

IN THE Senate Mr. Edmunds introduced an explanatory Reconstruction bill which was ordered to be printed. Mr. Anthony offered a resolution limiting the business of the session to an elucidation of the Reconstruction act. Mr. Sumner offered a substitute providing for the transaction of all public business which might come up. After debate the original resolution of Mr. Anthony was adopted.

FROM MEXICO,

OUR ADVICES FROM MEXICO this morning are highly important. Vera Cruz has capitulated, the soldiers garrisoning the place being permitted to leave the country on board a Mexican National vessels. The city surrendered quietly and without any bloodshed. It is also reported that Santa Anna has found his republic in an ignominious death, having been shot at Sisal. The latter is highly probable, as it was stated in previous dispatches that he was held a prisoner at Campeachy, where his trial was proceeding. Moreover it was telegraphed that highly important documents were found in his possession by the Liberals. He felt anxious to test his popularity in Mexico, and through imprudence has brought his eventful life to a close.

MR. SCHENCK was very properly rebuked in Congress yesterday, by the House refusing to suspend the rules to vote upon his resolution applauding and endorsing Mexico for the execution of Maximilian. It would appear refreshingly cool for Congress to praise the Liberals of Mexico for the perpetration of a cruel act which excites the indignation of the world at large, and to prevent which our own Government labored diligently. It is fair to presume that Mr. Schenck was in a humorous mood when he offered the resolution, wishing it to rank with his Petroleum Nasby joke which followed.

THE EXECUTION of Maximilian by the Liberals of Mexico was in accordance with ancient usage among all nations and answered the demands of a sort of wild justice. It has yielded to the clamor of the majority of the people; not dictated by the wisdom of the leaders. That it will impart additional security to the new order of political affairs in that country, may well be questioned. That it will furnish motives for further expiations, whenever the royalists shall have the upper hand, does not admit of dispute.

CHICAGO fully maintains its high reputation as a fast city. The report of the Superintendent of police for the last three months gives the following statistics: Total value of property reported stolen, $35,779; total value of stolen property recovered, $31,037.55; total amount of fines, $235.85; total number of arrests, 6,056. Among the charges noted in the report are, arson, 21; assault with intent to kill, 21; burglary, 40; forgery, 32; highway robbery, 1; riot, 130; larceny, 459; rape, 4.

THE death of Hon. Lazarus W. Powell, of Kentucky, is announced. He was born in 1812, graduated at St. Joseph's College, Bardstown, in 1833, and was admitted to practice law in 1835. In 1856 he was elected to the Kentucky Legislature, and from 1851 to 1855 was Governor of his native State. In 1859 he was chosen Senator in Congress for the long term, serving on the committees on Judiciary, Pensions and Printing. He was attached to the Democratic party.

ON Wednesday last there was held a State Convention at Columbus by the colored men of Ohio. A set of resolutions were adopted, urging upon the voters of the State of Ohio the duty of striking from the Constitution the word white, and placing all her citizens upon a platform of political equality.

FIVE HUNDRED of Maximilian's Legion of Honor arrived yesterday at Mobile from Vera Cruz. It is said that they will be mustered out of service in that city.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE SURRATT TRIAL.

Prosecution Drawing to a Close.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, July 5, 1867.

Mr. Carrington said the prosecution proposed to close their case by offering in evidence the record of the conviction, by military commission, of the other assassination conspirators.

Mr. Pierrepont proposed to put in evidence the almanac for 1865, for the purpose of showing when the moon rose on the night of the 14th of April, and the condition of the moon about that time in Washington.

Mr. Merrick objected.

John C Thompson, Wm. S. Thompson and Andrew Kaldenbrick, testified to some important matters.

Judge Olin was sworn and testified to some facts connected with the box at the Theatre where the assassination occurred.

Walter H. Coleman, head of a division in the office of the secretary of the Treasury, testified to being in company with George W. Cushing after dinner on the day of the assassination. We saw Booth on horseback talking earnestly to a man who stood on the curb stone. This was at six o'clock, and on Pennsylvania Avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets. Booth's face was so very pallid as to excite remark. The man who was conversing with Booth was a young man dressed in grey clothes, and with a small felt hat on his head.

Question.—Could you ever see that man since until to-day?

Witness.—No sir.

Question.—Do you see a man like him now?

Witness.—I would like the prisoner to stand side by side. [Prisoner did so] I think that is the man I saw with Booth. He is like him in his appearance. I am not sure this is the man. I have a doubt, yet, but I think he was the man.

George W. Cushing gave similar testimony, but was unable to identify the prisoner.

Mrs. Mary ——, residing in Baltimore in 1865, testified Payne boarded at her house six weeks. No one ever visited him.

George S. Koontz, General Agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, in Washington, identified to the time Payne left on the morning after the assassination, and to searching the cars.

Thomas Gedney, son of the late President, testified a man resembling the prisoner tried twice to see the President in March, 1865, on the steamer at City Point.

The Duell letter, in cipher and translated, was handed to the Court. The prisoner read it.

Frederick E. Hall was sworn as an expert to testify to it.

Defence objected to its being read to the jury until its connection with some of the conspirators was proved.

Sometimes was spent in waiting for Mr. Duell. Finally the Court ruled the letter could not go the jury till after it was brought home to the prisoner.

Witness was objected to somewhat by the defence as to his ability to make and translate ciphers, and the Court took recess until to-morrow.

FROM EUROPE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE.

NEWS OF MAXIMILIAN'S FATE.

PARIS, July 3—P. M.—The news of the sad fate of Maximilian, of Mexico, has reached this city. In consequence of the tragedy the grand military review ordered for to-morrow, has been postponed.

NEW MINISTER BRITISH AMBASSADOR.

PARIS, July 4—*Evening.*—Lord Lyons has entered upon the duties of his office as Embassador of Her British Majesty to the Court of Napoleon.

AUSTRIA.

THE COURT IN MOURNING.

VIENNA, July 4.—*Evening.*—The Imperial Court of Austria has gone into mourning for the death of Maximilian.

GREAT BRITAIN.

GRAND REVIEW POSTPONED—MEXICAN GOVERNMENT CONDEMNED.

LONDON, July 4.—*Evening.*—The English Government authorities have postponed the grand review which was to take place at Hyde Park, on account of the execution of Maximilian. The conduct of the Mexican Government in condemning Maximilian to death, and his subsequent execution, causes great indignation here and on the Continent.

PENIANS REMOVED FROM IRELAND.

LONDON, July 4—2 P. M.—The Fenian prisoners Burke, Doran, McCafferty, McClure and others, have been brought from Ireland to England.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

CONGRESS

In Extraordinary Session.

RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE ANNOUNCED.

The Kentucky Contested Seats.

THANKS TO MILITARY COMMANDERS

Also to "Nasby" and Stanberry for Expounding "my Policy."

MAXIMILIAN'S EXECUTION CONDEMNED.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, July 5, 1867.

SENATE.

ACCESSION OF MEMBERS.

Mr. PATTERSON, of New Hampshire and Mr. VAN WINKLE appeared in their seats.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE FROM.

Mr. ANTHONY, from the Committee to wait on the President, reported he had no communication to make.

EXPLANATORY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

Mr. EDMUNDS introduced an explanatory reconstruction bill, which provides, first, that the Boards of Registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain, upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under such acts, and to administer such oaths and acts shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless the said Board shall decide he is entitled thereto; and such Board shall have power to examine under oath, to be administered by any one of the Boards of Registration, any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration.

SEC. 2. That the words "iron clad oath" set forth in said acts shall be construed to include every person who has taken such oath, whether before the institution of the United States, other than senators, members of Congress and members of the Legislature of the States, and no person shall be entitled to be registered, or entitled to vote under said act, to which said act is supplementary, who has not the requirement of said act as herein is instituted and amended shall be fulfilled; and the superintendents of elections under said acts shall have the power, and it shall be their duty, upon the challenge of any registered voter, any person who shall decide upon such facts and information as may be made to appear to them whether said person offering to vote, and so challenged, is under the provisions of said acts and this act entitled to vote, and receive or reject his vote accordingly.

Ordered to be printed.

THE BUSINESS OF THE SESSION.

Mr. ANTHONY offered the following:

Resolved, That the business of this session should be confined to removing obstructions which have been or are likely to be placed in the way of the due execution of the act of reconstruction heretofore adopted by Congress, when the same were passed and that further legislation, if necessary, upon the subject of reconstruction, or on other subjects, is not expedient.

Mr. FESSENDEN suggested to Mr. ANTHONY to strike out the word "should."

Mr. SUMNER offered as a substitute the following:

Resolved, That the Senate will proceed under its rule to the dispatch of the public business requiring attention, but that to this end all petitions and bills will be referred for consideration to the appropriate committees without undertaking in advance to limit the action of Congress to any especial subject.

Mr. SUMNER addressed the Senate at length upon this resolution. He contended there were important subjects, demanding attention. First, there were the Indian difficulties, which required great attention. Then there were two important treaties, one with South America and one with Russia, which had recently been concluded, and which required appropriations of money to carry them into effect.

Mr. ANTHONY said the Senate could not originate an appropriation bill, and the House had adopted a resolution not to consider anything but reconstruction measures.

Mr. SUMNER said the Senate could originate such a bill as would be necessary in this case. It had often done so. But more important than any other subject was the bill for universal suffrage, especially to protect freedmen in Maryland and Kentucky.

Mr. POMEROY did not think it would be wise to pass Mr. Anthony's resolution Although he was not in favor of entering into general legislation, he was not known what emergency might arise while Congress was in session.

Mr. YATES desired to say he did not wish his vote in favor of Mr. Anthony's reso ution to be construed as indicating his opposition to universal suffrage. On other legislation, but he did not think it would be well to proceed with that subject now. Congress ought to limit itself to one object, and he was in favor of confining its attention to it at the present session.

Mr. WILSON said he thought the call upon the Secretary of War, and in conversation with that officer learned there would be no necessity whatever for legislation by the present Congress. The War Department, except on a single matter, which the secretary would send to Monday or Tuesday, had no appropriation to carry out the reconstruction act in the Southern States.

Mr. SUMNER again spoke against Mr. Anthony's resolution. He urged the passage of the suffrage bill to protect the rights into Maryland, Kentucky, Connecticut, Pennsylvania and Ohio, and all other States. It was useless to assert that the constitutional form of Government where suffrage was denied to men on account of color.

Mr. ROSS, while agreeing with the general proposition, that nothing not absolutely necessary should be taken up, was disposed to favor Mr. Anthony's resolution, because he believed it necessary some legislation should be inaugurated to quell the kind of disturbances in the west.

Mr. TIPTON spoke of the necessity for legislation to put an end to the frontier disturbances. If he could control the legislation of Congress to-day, he would prevent any army officer from resigning or MUSTERING out a friver. He would offer a premium for savage Indian scalps, and would authorize the formation of volunteer companies on the frontier.

The question being taken on Mr. Anthony's resolution, it was agreed to—22 yeas, 9 nays.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

The SPEAKER announced the Committee on Reconstruction, viz: Messrs. Stevens, Boutwell, Bingham, Farnsworth, Hurlburt, Nye, Beamer, Paine, Pike and Brooks.

ANOTHER KENTUCKY PROTEST.

The SPEAKER presented the memorial of Green M. Adams against the admission of Representative Beck, from the Seventh District of Kentucky. Referred to the Committee on Elections.

NEW MEXICO DELEGATE.

The SPEAKER also presented a communication from the Governor of New Mexico, stating that as the election for delegates from that Territory would not take place until September next, he had appointed Col. John S. Coates as agent of the Territory, to represent its interests in the House, and a king that he be admitted to a seat, with the usual pay and mileage.

Mr. DAWES moved its reference to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. SCHENCK was opposed to such reference. as it might seem to imply an acquiescence in the exercise of an authority, unauthorized and illegal act on the part of the Governor of the Territory.

Mr. DAWES agreed that the action of the Governor was unauthorized and unprecedented. He wished the communication referred, so that the committee might have an opportunity of presenting a report which would prevent such an attempt in the future.

Mr. SHELLABARGER thought the Governor of California had as good a right to appoint three agents or representatives to Congress as the Governor of New Mexico had to appoint one.

After further debate, the communication, on motion of Mr. MILLER, was laid on the table.

NO MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, from the Joint Committee to wait on the President, reported that the President had informed the Committee that he had no communication to make to Congress at the present time.

KENTUCKY ELECTION CASES.

Papers in the several contested election cases from Kentucky were referred to Messrs. PAINE, GARFIELD and KELLEY, and referred to the Committee on Elections.

On motion of Mr. GARFIELD, all contestants were allowed to seats on the floor.

THANKS TO GEN. SHERIDAN.

Mr. PAINE moved to suspend the rules that he might introduce a joint resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Gen. Sheridan for his able and faithful performance of the duties of commander of the military district of New Orleans and Louisiana.

The rules were suspended—yeas, one hundred and ten; nays, eighteen, and the joint resolution passed.

A CONTESTED CASE WITHDRAWN.

Mr. PHELPS presented a communication from James Sneed, who had been contesting his (Phelps') seat at the last session, stating that after taking testimony he found it was insufficient, and therefore withdrew from the contest. Referred to the Committee on Elections.

PROTEST OF KENTUCKY MEMBERS.

Mr. MARSHALL presented a protest from Messrs. Grover, Johns and Beck, Representatives of the Fifth, Sixth and Seventh districts of Kentucky, against the action of the House on Monday, asserting they were illegally elected; that their seats were not contested, and that no allegation can be made against their loyalty; declaring the action of the House was inconsistent with and in direct violation of all the rules and precedents as a subversion of the rights of the State of Kentucky and of themselves and their constituents, and claiming their rights to be admitted to seats.

The paper having been read, Mr. MARSHALL stated that he had learned that notice of the contest had been presented to-day in the case of Jones, and he therefore proposed that in regard to the other two, Messrs. Grover and Beck, the Committee on Elections be discharged from further consideration, and that they be duly sworn and admitted to seats. He declared the rights of representation were sacred, and the American people would not look with indifference on an act of such gross injustice to a State.

Mr. LOGAN stated there were charges of disloyalty against the members named. They were asserted in the resolution offered by himself. It would be found Mr. Grover had voted for an act of secession. It might be proper for his colleague to defend rebels here, but he was sorry to see a Representative from the proud prairie State take on himself the defense of any man who had attempted to destroy the government, either by act, word or deed.

Mr. MARSHALL said he did not feel it necessary to notice his colleague's personal allusions to himself. His own motives for his actions were all sufficient for him. This mode of traveling out of a question to impugn the action or motives of members might be deemed creditable by some members, but he did not propose to follow such example. His colleague had been entirely mistaken about Mr. Grover. He had never been arrested for treason. Mr. Jones had been so arrested, as many others had been, but he had been discharged without any charge being preferred against him.

Mr. DAWES moved the pretext and motion be referred to the Committee on Elections. He had no hesitation in saying for himself, as a member of that Committee, that if he found there was nothing affecting the qualifications of any of the Kentucky members, he would report back their credentials to the House.

After some further debate, Mr. Dawes' motion was carried.

THANKS TO GENERALS SICKLES, POPE AND SCHOFIELD.

Joint resolutions of thanks were tendered Generals Sickles, Pope and Schofield.

MAXIMILIAN'S EXECUTION.

Mr. SCHENCK offered a Resolution referring to Mexico, disowning the recent execution of Maximilian.

Mr. WOOD denounced the act as barbarous, and the resolutions as disgraceful, and the House refused to suspend the rules to receive them

YEAS AND NAYS—"NASBY" AND STANBERRY.

Mr. SCHENCK offered a resolution of thanks to Generals Sickles, Pope and Schofield, between Generals Stanberry, as exponents of the President's policy. [Laughter.]

Pending the question on its reception, the House adjourned till Monday.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, July 5, 1867.

DEATH OF JUDGE SWAYNE.

Judge Swayne, of the Supreme Court, died in Washington this afternoon of typhoid fever.

DEATH FROM STRUCK WITH PARALYSIS.

EX-Governor John A. King had a severe paralytic stroke yesterday. Symptoms unfavorable.

ARRESTED FOR KIDNAPPING.

United States Marshal Murray, Col. Wood, Deputy Marshals Poor and Newcomb, and four other officers, on Wednesday, arrested, charged with kidnapping, taken before a Queen's county court, and gave bail to appear for a future hearing. They recently took charge of several persons on charges of having stolen property from the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The persons in such were taken in custody without a warrant, and were removed from the jurisdiction of the county and State. The Marshals claim they were arrested on a warrant issued in April last by Commissioner Betts.

ROBBED IN A CAR.

Edward Given was robbed in a Fourth avenue car, on Wednesday afternoon, of stocks and money valued at $2,750. One is under bonds arrested, but none of the money recovered.

COLORED MAN EXECUTED.

Joseph Williams (colored) was executed to-day at New Brunswick, New Jersey, for the murder of another colored man.

YELLOW FEVER IN JAMAICA.

A letter has been received by Collector Smythe, from Kingston, Jamaica, stating that the yellow fever prevails there. It is typhus and quite malignant. At Lunatic Asylum twenty per cent. of the cases have proved fatal so far.

FROM CHICAGO.

Fishing Boat Capsized—Four Men Drowned—The Fourth—Reduction in Railroad Prices.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 5.—A fishing boat, belonging to St. Joseph, Michigan, capsized several miles from the shore during a gale on Tuesday evening, and four men were drowned. Names not learned.

The city was unusually quiet yesterday, there being no public demonstration, and all business houses were closed. Several pleasure parties went out from the careless use of fire-arms, but none of a serious character.

The Tremont House announces a reduction in prices to four dollars per day.

Fourth at Lexington, Ky.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 5.—The Fourth was celebrated at Lexington with great pomp. A grand pic-nic was held, where ten thousand persons congregated to partake of the oration by Gen. J. S. Brisbin, Hon. W. C. Goodloe, and Colonels White, Willard and Davis.

Death of Hon. L. W. Powell.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 5.—Hon. L. W. Powell, formerly Governor of Kentucky, and subsequently a United States Senator, died at his residence in Henderson, Kentucky, on Wednesday afternoon.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

How the Fourth was Celebrated.

The "glorious Fourth" was celebrated by all classes of the community. Business was almost entirely suspended, and the streets presented a lively appearance from early dawn till late at night. The day opened with a bright sun, but about noon a heavy shower of short duration passed over the city, soundly drenching the good folks in attendance at pic nics held in suburbs. Many of the people of the town embraced the day as an occasion for an excursion to the quiet villages and romantic woods and wilds on the different railroads leading from the city. The Pennsylvania, Connellsville, Cleveland, Fort Wayne, Panhandle and Chartiers Valley roads carried thousands of men, women and children out of town, while almost an equal number of people took some in for a holiday to partake of the festivities of the city. Pic nics were held in every direction. Temperance, church, school, secret societies, social, private, basket, and free and easy pic nics scattered at all points of compass from Pittsburgh, to the limit of twenty miles. With the exception of one or two disturbances, noticed elsewhere, the day passed off very pleasantly. The adjoining county of Beaver heavy rain storms prevailed at intervals during the entire day, materially marring the enjoyments of the day. Fully thirty thousand people visited the Point during the day and evening to witness the balloon ascensions and to partake of the entertainments given by the various Sport advertised.

The day was generalized, and the usual display of fireworks was indulged in by both old and young. Upon the whole, our great holiday was an enjoyable affair, and was kept in a style which does credit to the peaceable, orderly, and intelligent character of our citizens.

City Mortality.

Dr. A. G. McCandless, Physician of the Board of Health, reports the following interments in this city from June 23d to June 30th, 1867.

Accident, 1; Softening of Brain, 1; Paralysis, 3; Consumption, 1; Dyspepsia, 1; Cholera, 1; Pneumonia, 1; Sun Stroke, 1; Meningitis, 1; Old age, 1; Disease of heart, 1; Inflammation, 1; Cholera Infantum, 4; Tuberculosis, 2; Marasmus, 3; Unknown, 1; Disease of Brain, 2; Still born, 2; Congestion of Lungs, 1; Whooping cough, 1.

Of the above there were: Under one year, 15; from one to two, 2; from two to five, 1; from twenty to thirty, 2; from thirty to forty, 3; from forty to fifty, 3; from fifty to sixty, 2; from sixty to seventy, 1; from seventy to eighty, 1; from eighty to ninety, 1.

Males, 18, Females, 11, } White, 29. } Total.....29

Pleasant Occasion.

Among the pleasant occasions on the Fourth was the pic-nic of Knowlson Sabbath School, in Lower St. Clair township. The officers, teachers and scholars, and a host of invited guests, several of whom were from the city, assembled about ten o'clock in the pleasant grove of Mr. George Neeld, near the church, and after the usual routine of exercises connected with such affairs, the assembly partook of the bounteous repast gotten up by the ladies, after which recreations and amusements were in order. The day. Swinging, foot-racing, foot-ball, quoits, were the principal enjoyments, and all appeared to have been suited to their tastes. The celebration was under the superintendence of the officers of the school, and was well conducted. It will long be a green spot in the memory of those whose privilege it was to be present.

Robber Surprised.

At quite an early hour Thursday morning a burglar was surprised in the residence of Mr. Amos Stiff, assistant flour inspector, No. 82 Roberts street, Seventh ward. A person whose suspicions were aroused entered the house and as he was going up with a lighted lamp, which he was carrying, was discovered. He extinguished the lamp, and securing assistance, again ascended to the second story, where the burglar was found. He was secured, a policeman having been called in, and proved to be Edward Whilden, an occupant of Pregeau's alley. In the examination which followed only seventy-five cents in money, a pipe and a knife when surprised in his burglarious act. The Mayor committed him to jail for trial.

The Fourth at Beaver.

In spite of the rain the residents of Beaver managed to have quite a pleasant celebration on the Fourth. During the morning several church pic nics were held in the beautiful woods near the town, and at night a grand fair and festival took place in the large Seminary Building. The occasion was exceedingly pleasant. A large number of the ladies and gentlemen of the neighborhood attending. The tables were laden with the delicacies of the season, and the room in which it was held was handsomely festooned and decorated with evergreens and flowers. The affair was under the auspices of the young ladies of the Methodist Church, and reflected much credit on all concerned.

Fourth at Uniontown—Soldiers, Monument—Laying of the corner Stone—Procession—Ceremonies—Ten Thousand Persons Present.

On the morning of the 4th, a large party of Pittsburghers took a special train on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, intent on witnessing the laying of the corner stone of the Fayette County Soldiers' Monument. Arriving at their destination at about eleven o'clock, they found the ancient town fairly alive with people who had flocked from the surrounding country. Never before in the history of the place was there a gathering in Uniontown exceeding in numbers the one assembled. It is estimated that ten thousand persons were present. Among the military men there and participating were General J. S. Sweitzer, Colonels T. B. Swearingen and J. B. Clark, of Pittsburgh, General Harry White, of Indiana county, General S. D. Oliphant, of Princeton, N. J., late of Uniontown, Gens. S. M. Bally and C. E. Swearingen, Cols. Edward Campbell and John S. Kreps, and Maj. P. A. Johns of Fayette county.

Shortly after 11 A. M. a large procession came down Main street, headed by the celebrated mounted band at one time attached to Gen. Custar's cavalry division. The band was under the joint leadership of Messrs. Alexander Rankin, of Washington, Pa., and George W. Rutter, of this place.

Following the band came carriages containing the speakers for the occasion, and the survivors soldiers of 1812. Next marched a body of cavalry, then infantry—the 34th Pennsylvania—commanded by Col. Sweitzer. The infantry was followed by a piece of artillery properly escorted.

One of the most attractive features in the procession was that presented by the soldiers' orphans in attendance at the State school, recently established there. They numbered about eighty, and were clad in neat blue uniform.

After the military came the Fire Department of the town consisting of engines and hose carriages, drawn by gayly caparisoned horses, numbering about 200 in the aggregate.

The various lodges of Odd Fellows throughout the county were out, numbering some three or four hundred members.

The Masonic fraternity, under the leadership of Grand Marshal Jesse B. Ramsey, were in the procession, and, as well as the Odd Fellows, presented a fine appearance.

Carriages, buggies and wagons, containing men, women and children, brought up the rear, and swelled up the number to about two thousand persons.

In the order named the column marched to the Soldiers' Cemetery, a half-mile west of the town, where, after forming a hollow square about the monument in the centre of the cemetery, the usual regular ceremonies of the Masonic order. The following Grand Officers officiated: Grand Master, D. G. M., Thos. Semans; S. G. W., George W. Litman; J. G. W., Uriah Hitchman; G. H., Wm. Hitchman; G. Sec., Wm. H. Semans; G. Chaplain, Rev. Mr. Stevenson; Grand Orator, Rev. C. W. Smith; Grand Marshal, Jesse B. Ramsey.

Among the articles deposited in the stone were gold, silver and copper coins of the various denominations; a copy of the minutes of the proceedings in the Masonic Lodge in relation to the corner stone; a Bible, and the pens attached, were nearly preserved. The loss will probably reach $800, insured. The fine frame building, was considerably damaged, and some of his furniture completely ruined, and some of his furniture completely ruined, and some of his furniture completely ruined

The Pittsburgh Gazette

SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1867.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HON. H. W. WILLIAMS,

Of Allegheny County.

SINCE the publication of Mr. Attorney General STANBERY'S Opinion on the Reconstruction Acts, the Republicans of Maine and Pennsylvania have held State Conventions, and expressed themselves fully on the present condition of national affairs. The two sets of resolutions cover all the material points of the case, and are firm and uncompromising; but no encouragement is afforded by them to the project of making the misconduct of the President an excuse for imposing new and harsher conditions on the Southern States and people, or for delaying their restoration to their former rights and privileges. Nor can it be doubted that these two sets of resolutions reflect the average opinions of the Republicans of the States in which they originated, and of the entire country. Here and there an individual may be found who would go farther, and make the faithlessness of the President the occasion of mischievous severities; but these individuals comprise a very lean minority. Perhaps they command a disproportionate number of votes in Congress; but even there they are so few as to be unable to influence the action of either House in any essential particular.

Hitherto there has been no distinct declaration on the part of Congress that the conditions already prescribed would be final as to every State complying with them readily and in good faith. As much has been inferable from the action taken upon Mr. STEVENS' Confiscation bill, and other measures of similar nature, and there has been, and still is, need of an express declaration that shall remove all uncertainty. We have urged time and again, that the Southern people are entitled to be told what they must do, and what will be done with them.

In addition to the consideration of absolute right on this head, policy and prudence makes the same demand. While it may be admitted that the inhabitants of the Southern States have a superior interest in the speedy and permanent settlement of all the political questions growing out of the rebellion, and now pending, it cannot be denied or concealed that the welfare of all citizens, no matter in what section of the country they may be located, are also greatly involved in the settlement. What has been done for the past six years, what is now doing, must in the future become precedents. There may be dreamers who fancy that this nation will never again be convulsed by an internecine struggle. All such have read history to little profit, and have superficially considered the forces always latent in human passions. Indeed, it is not difficult for practiced eyes even now to detect the prolific germs of future tempests that shall shake this nation as it was recently shaken. The common lot is on us. What has befallen other nations, what is happening to them now, will be our fate. We know what party is uppermost today. Who can tell what party may occupy the same position twenty or fifty years hence?

Besides, all the business concerns of the nation are suffering by delay in perfecting the restoration of the Union. The doubt and uncertainty that exists in multitudes of men is unfavorable to material progress and development. The stagnation in the political circulatory system produces bad consequences in all other departments; and the longer this condition shall be protracted the more manifest and deleterious will these consequences appear.

In expounding the true intent and meaning of the Reconstruction Acts it is easy for the majority of Congress to declare that the terms laid down therein are final, if promptly and hastily complied with. Such a declaration will prove of immense utility.

WHEN the late Republican County Convention passed the resolution demanding the imposition of a head-tax on immigrants arriving in this country from Europe or elsewhere, we felt confident that mature reflection would convince all workingmen that the position was wrong in principle and mischievous in tendency, and hence altogether untenable. The late Workingmen's Mass Meeting adopted a resolution declaring that it "did not object to the ordinary free immigration of laborers into the United States from any country on the globe." That is precisely the doctrine we have held from the start on this question; and we are glad to have our views endorsed by so high and competent an authority. We trust that hereafter we shall not be denounced as inimical to the interests of laboring men, while we and the Workingmen's Mass Meeting are agreed in opinion.

As to the recent importation into this city of puddlers from Europe we have not felt called upon to say anything. As we understand the case they came in consequence of certain assurances, verbal or written, given them by proprietors here, through agents duly accredited. What those assurances were we neither know nor care. It is not our province to supervise the private bargains made between our fellow-citizens, or between citizens and aliens. Such bargains concern them exclusively. If either party has wronged the other, by mis-representation or non-compliance, the Courts are open. We should not care to have a controversy touching a common business transaction, between ourselves and other individuals, adjudicated by a mass meeting, and especially upon one-sided testimony, or no competent testimony whatever.

But the Workingmen's Mass Meeting went on to "protest against organized importations, specially secured by capitalists for the purpose of overstocking the labor market of any one locality." This proposition is naturally divisible—1. The importation of laborers by capitalists; 2. The motive prompting capitalists to seek labor abroad. Let us consider these two points.

We are in favor of the importation of laborers in every branch of lawful industry. The strength and glory of a nation consists in its men and women. These are valuable in proportion as they can do things of importance to have done. Wages are graduated on this principle, the skilled laborer commanding more than the unskilled, because of the superior value of his work. In this way men are graduated, say from three hundred dollars a year up to twenty-five thousand dollars a year. The difference is in their capacities and training. As one man is worth more than another, according to what he can do that is of consequence to be done, so is it with nations. That nation which embraces within itself the most of the arts essential to the highest civilization, is the greatest nation. We have resources of soil, climate and minerals for the development of almost all the arts known upon earth, or to be known. We are called to the task, not of putting any talent away in a napkin, but of using all talents confided to us to the best advantage. We are here to build up a republic enriched with all the theoretical and practical knowledge of which the human race is capable. Herein are we to fulfill our highest duty and obtain our best renown. So believing, we would draw, from all quarters of the world, men skilled in all branches of industry, building up as rapidly as possible that dominion which is destined to be the wonder of many ages.

If certain citizens are peculiarly interested in promoting agriculture, either generally or in special departments and localities, let them grant aid to the importation of persons skilled in dealing with soils. Let such as find interest in universal development, aid in importing miners. Thus, in all departments, let encouragement be given to men and women of skill, industry and sobriety to come from all quarters and contribute to the common advancement. So far, narrow jealousies should not be allowed to stand in the way. If we comprehend the resolution of the Workingmen's Mass Meeting, it sustains our position to this extent. This shows that workingmen appreciate the dignity and value of their work.

We come, then, to consider the "organized importations, *specially* secured by capitalists, *for the purpose of overstocking the labor market of any one locality.*" Attributing bad motives for particular acts, which are disliked, is a common and easy method for making the actors odious. Who knows that the capitalists in question were actuated by the motive laid to their charge? There is nothing so difficult in this world as ascertaining the mottves by which our fellows are controlled. Indeed, few men fully comprehend the motives by which they are themselves governed. It often happens that the worst actions are performed through excellent motives, and the best actions through motives altogether execrable. Saul thought he did God service in killing christians. Torquemada used the devilish enginery of the Inquisition against heretics from a pure desire to save their souls by destroying their bodies. Hypocrits have abounded in devotions to blind their neighbors; and the vain-glorious have given alms and endowed hospitals and seminaries to be seen of men. Are Workingmen possessed of omniscience to such a degree that they can pronounce oracularly on the motives of capitalists? "With what measure ye mete, it shall be measured to you again." This impeachment of motives, of which so little can possibly be known, is apt to be reciprocated, and hence come half the alienations that distract society.

When the Workingmen struck in this county, last winter, they publicly notified their fellow craftmen in all other parts of the country not to come here. We do not think they exceeded their privilege in so doing. But, was that an attempt so to *understock the labor market of one locality* as to compel those who had need to hire labor to pay more than a normal condition of affairs would have exacted? If Workingmen have a right to combine to prevent laborers from coming into a particular market, have not capitalists the corresponding right to combine to bring laborers in? It surely takes two to make a bargain. If a workingman, or any number of them, see proper not to sell their labor for less than a stipulated price, it is sheer folly for capitalists to complain. The owners of labor have an undoubted right to put their price on it. If capitalists refuse to pay the wages demanded, workingmen have no right to grumble. The rights of buyer and seller are equal. When they agree, a bargain results. When they differ, each stands on his reserved rights. Jesus, the son of Sirach, says, "that as a nail sticketh fast between stones in a wall, so sticketh fraud between buyer and seller." He would not have been renowned for wisdom had he declared that the pinch was all on one side.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The Twelfth Annual Convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the United States and British Provinces, was held in Montreal, Canada, several days since. From the meagre accounts published, it must have been a grand occasion. Questions were discussed, mainly in regard to amusements, which will have an important bearing upon these Associations hereafter. At the opening meeting of welcome, Major General Russell, C. B., occupied the chair. Rev. Henry Wilkes, D.D., delivered the welcoming address. Among those who responded were ex-Governor Pollock, of Philadelphia; Sir Henry Havelock, of England; Rev. J. E. Cookman, of Poughkeepsie, and Mr. H. Thane Miller, of Cincinnati. Several hundred delegates, mostly from the United States, were present. The American and British flags hung together behind the pulpit of the church where the interesting exercises were held. H. Thane Miller was chosen President—twice the honor has been conferred—though he has become blind since the last annual meeting. His nomination was received with great demonstration. On taking the chair he said: "Since last I presided over you, my beloved brethren, it has pleased God to close my eyes; but he has done it, oh! so tenderly, so lovingly, and so slowly, that I cannot but praise him for his mercy." A correspondent of the *Independent* says that despite this blindness, he presides with more dignity, ease and power than any other man of that Convention with eyes could command. Essays were read on "Association Bible Classes," "Literary Classes and their Conduct," "Relations between the Church and the Association." Discussions followed these readings, after which questions were introduced, such as, "What is the primary object of a Young Men's Christian Association?" "How can Young Men outside of the Church be the best reached?" The first named elicited very few remarks and generally of no diverse character. But the last aroused a lengthy discussion. When this question, or one of like import, was up before the Convention last year at Albany, billiards, cards, and dancing were denounced as "worldly" and dangerous amusements; but approving the introduction of musical instruments, chess, draughts, dominoes, etc. Resolutions were introduced declaring that all such attractions were dangerous, and that the use of any other means to save men than those strictly evangelical, was dishonorable to the Master. It is affirmed by the correspondent of a New York paper that the majority of the Convention were opposed to these sweeping resolutions; but a venerable minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church declared, that if they were not passed the Methodist Church would withdraw from the Associations. There may be some truth in this, as the New York Preacher's Association of the M. E. Church, in view of the "broad-guage" views of the Young Men's Christian Associations of New York, were about to take action recommending their respective churches to form Associations. In the discussion of this important question, startling facts pro and con were brought out. Many other interesting features of the Convention we would like to note, but the want of space will not permit of further enlargement.

A Convention is to be held in Philadelphia next September, at the request of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, for the purpose of considering the union of all the Presbyterian Churches in this country, and the means by which this desirable end may be accomplished. The Reformed Presbyterian Church will be there as the party inviting the Convention. The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church left the matter in the hands of the Synods of that body to send delegates. The New School Presbyterian General Assembly, in view of the pending negotiations with the Old School Assembly, declined to send delegates. The Old School body recommended the Presbyteries who may meet before the time fixed for this Convention to send delegates. It is possible some delegates may offer themselves from the Southern Presbyterian Church.

The Reformed Dutch Church, forty years ago, had 15 Classis, now 35; then there was 150 churches, now 434; then it had 10,000 members, now 50,000. The contributions now are $241,000.

The Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church have issued an appeal to the churches, stating that the Board will require $300,000 this year to meet its liabilities. An advance of nearly *sixty* thousand is needed above last year to enable the Board to accomplish the work in hand, and to enable them to send out more missionaries.

Washington City, with all its grand Government structures, has fewer elegant and costly churches, in proportion to its size, than any of the leading cities in the East or West. But within a year or so church building has entered upon a new era. There are now over a dozen churches in process of erection; among them several will cost a large sum. The Congregationalists are erecting a very capacious edifice, which it is expected will cost a full hundred thousand dollars. For years the Methodist Episcopal Church has been preparing to build a grand building, a kind of Methodist Cathedral, for the accommodation of Methodists and strangers who congregate in that city. Within a year or two the project has been greatly promoted by the Rev. F. S. DeHass, formerly of this city, who has been placed in charge by the Church authorities. It is expected the structure will cost two hundred thousand dollars. A grand site has recently been purchased to build the Lutheran Memorial Church. The Baptists lately dedicated the most beautiful church in the city, the cost of which, $100,000, was paid, it is said, by the generosity of one man. A Methodist church of about the same character has been completed during the year.

The contributions to the Bishop of London's Fund amount to $5,275,000; and an additional sum of $2,650,000 has been donated by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, for the better maintenance of small livings in the diocese. By these gifts the Bishop has been able to increase the number of clergymen 115, and 64 lay assistants.

An Independent Religious Society, of those "who accept the Word of God and are desirous of investigating its truths unembarrassed by Creeds," has been formed at Patterson. Among the regulations is the following: "That without disputing the validity of Water Baptism, the Society dispense with that ordinance and celebrate the Lord's Supper annually on the date of the Jewish Passover." The old story repeated, that they cannot bear the discipline of Church authority and ecclesiastical order.

—The Wisconsin Editorial Convention, recently in session, resolved to memorialize the Legislature of that State to enact a law providing that the proceedings of public meetings shall be deemed privileged matters, just as the proceedings of courts are, and that the responsibility for any libels occurring in the reports of such meetings shall rest exclusively with the person uttering the same; that plaintiffs in libel cases shall pay the taxable costs, and a reasonable attorney's fee, in all cases where they do not secure a verdict equal in amount to the costs to the court; and that if the jury shall believe that the matter complained of was published in good faith, for a good purpose, without malice, and upon reasonable presumption of its truth, they shall find for the defendant —provided that the court may, in its discretion, require the defendant to publish a statement of the facts, as ascertained upon the trial.

CONSUMPTION CURABLE.

Its icy hand falls alike upon youthful innocence and hoary-headed age. Some of the prominent symptoms are Cough, Expectorant, Shortness of Breath, Irritation about the Lungs and Chest, Darting pains in the Side and Back, Emaciation and a general negative condition of the whole system.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON'S PREPARED PREPARATION for the cure of consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections, has been in use over 10 years with the most marked success. The remedy, prepared under Mr. Wilson's personal supervision, also a pamphlet, containing the original prescription with full and explicit directions for preparation and use, together with a short history of his case, may be obtained of the following reliable Druggist.

JOSEPH FLEMING,

No 84 Market street, Pittsburgh.

Each package will bear his written signature across the end of the box. For pamphlet containing the original Prescription, the Fluid Remedy, or more full particulars, address or call on the above agent, or Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON. jy2:eows

ITCH, TETTER, ALL SKIN DISEASES.

Salt Rheum; Scald Head, Eruptions.

'SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.'

Entirely eradicates these troublesome complaints.

Swayne's "All-Healing Ointment."

"Cures Itch in from 12 to 48 hours."

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Sold by McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street; GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, A. THORENCE, cor. 4th and Market sts., Pittsburgh; KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny. je28:129:TTS

HEAR REASON!

STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES!

When a garrison apprehends an attack from an outside enemy, what does it do? It STRENGTHENS THE DEFENCES. The human system, at this period of the year, is beleaguered by morbid influences. The atmosphere is full of them. Every change of weather lays the feeble open to their attacks. What is to be done in order to baffle these unseen, but ever active, foes? STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES. Do you ask how? The answer is simple—the means within the reach of all: Reinforce the vital organs and the nervous system with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Tone the stomach, regulate the bowels, rouse the sluggish liver, cheer the spirits, en leb and purify the vital current, with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. That's the way to STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES, and render the capital of health impregnable. If you wish to escape bilious headache, intermittent fever, indigestion, and nervous visitations—to enjoy in all its plenitude, the blessing of a sound mind in a sound body," use this incomparable preventive and restorative. It preserves health in the healthy, and renews it in the weak and ailing.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle States, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called PINUS CANADENSIS WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all debilitated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membrane, grabbing them in regain their lost tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Buchu has been tried and failed. It likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half dozen, which effected perfect cures of diseases of the bladder and kidney of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is speedily relieved by it. We notice the certificate of Asa Goodale, published some time ago.

The *United States Dispensatory*, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed in leucorrhœa, gleet, and other diseases of the urinary passages; in piles and chronic inflammation or ulceration of the bowels, in chronic catarrhal affections, and in various forms of rheumatism." It is exceedingly valuable in all gravelly affections, bloody urine, and wherever there is red and white sediment. It can be taken without interruption to one's usual avocations, and instead of sickening, produces a healthy, healthy power of vigorance and vigor. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

ASK FOR DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF PINUS CANADENSIS. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medicine Store, 140 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers.

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The Bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

BATHING DRAWERS.

AT PHELAN'S.

jy6 24 Fifth Street.

LACE MITTS,

AT PHELAN'S,

jy6 24 Fifth Street.

BUFF GLOVES,

AT PHELAN'S,

jy6 24 Fifth Street.

WHITE GLOVES,

AT PHELAN'S,

jy6 24 Fifth Street.

SILK AND LISLE UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS,

AT PHELAN'S,

jy6 24 Fifth Street.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

1-6-nov6

MARKET STREET SEWER.

The assessments for building the MARKET STREET SEWER are now in the hands of the City Treasurer. All those knowing themselves to be assessed for said Sewer are hereby notified to call as soon as possible and liquidate the same.

E. ALLEN DARLINGTON,

jy4:p79 Treasurer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TRINITY CHURCH, Sixth STREET.—CHANGE OF HOUR FOR THE CHORAL SERVICE.—During the summer the Sunday afternoon FREE SERVICE will commence at 7 o'clock p. m.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH,—Rev. LEVI D. PAINE, of Connecticut, will preach in the Plymouth Congregational Church, Hand street, TO-MORROW, morning and evening services to commence at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Seats free to all.

RELIGIOUS.—Public Worship in the new Christian Chapel, corner Beaver street and Mc Gomery avenue, Allegheny City, every LORDS DAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., JOSEPH KING, Pastor.

THE UNION PRAYER MEETING will be held at the Rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, No. 25 Fifth street THIS (Saturday) EVENING, at a quarter to 8 o'clock. Every one invited to attend and take part.

ANNUAL SERMON, for the benefit of the Sabbath school Teachers' Union, will be delivered by the Rev. A. MILLIGAN, TO-MORROW (Sabbath) EVENING, in the Second U. P. Church, Sixth street, at 7½ o'clock. The public are cordially invited to attend.

PREACHING EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ o'clock a. m. and 7½ p. m. in NORTH AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, corner Allegheny avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny City. Rev. E. R. SNYDER, Pastor. All are invited. Seats free. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. and 1½ p. m.

REV. JOHN G. BROWN, D. D., will preach a Sermon to Young Men, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, TO-MORROW EVENING, in the Third U. P. Church, Diamond St. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock. Full attendance desired.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services at the NEW CHAPEL, Fourth street, above Grant, every Sabbath morning, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. SABBATH SCHOOL at 2 o'clock, P. M. Strangers are cordially invited.

The residence of the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKERSON, is No. 42 Chatham street.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, CORNER OF GRANT AND THIRD STS. —Pastor, Rev. A. BOSSERMAN. Preaching EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. All the people are invited to come and hear.

subject for to-morrow evening—"Unitarians and Universalists." Let there be a full attendance of liberal Christians.

THE CHURCH GUILD AND CLASS ROOMS.

No. 265 PENN STREET.

Are now open to the public daily from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

RATIFICATION OF THE NOMINATION OF

Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS,

FOR THE

SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The Committee of Arrangements for a Mass Meeting, appointed by the Republican County Committee on the 29th of June, will meet at the office of the undersigned, No. 93 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh,

SATURDAY, July 6th, 1867,

AT 8 O'CLOCK P. M.

The following gentlemen compose the Committee:

F. H. COLLIER Sharpsburg.
M. W. ACHESON, Allegheny.
STEPHEN GOEHER, Allegheny.
Dr. FRED. TAUTE Allegheny
GEO. SLOCUM, East Birmingham.
GOTTLEIB WEPACH, Allegheny.
WM. BINGHAM Lawrenceville.
R. B. CARNAHAN, Pittsburgh.
B. F. LUCAS, Allegheny.
W. G. MORGANS, Wilkinsburg.
Hon. P. C. SHANNON, Oakland.
B. F. MILLER, Ohio township.
RUSSELL ERKETT, Robinson township.
W. W. W. SD, Allegheny.
GEORGE FINLEY, Collins township.
CHARLES HARTMAN, McCandless.
Capt. JOHN YOUNG, Jr., Roslinton tp.
THOMAS HOWARD, Lawrenceville.
GUYAN M. IRWIN, Allegheny.
SAMUEL R. CUMLEY, Pittsburgh.
JOHN GANGWISCH, Liberty tp.

C. B. M. SMITH,
jy6:b6:TuwS CHAIRMAN.

SIGN--ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

NEW CROP JAPAN TEAS.

PER SHIP BANDA.

Forty chests of the above cargo just received. This Tea has no rival in strength and flavor

Price.....$1 00 P lb.
Do do do superior.....1 25 "

OOLONG—Harvest of 1866-7.

25 chests per ship Dryden. This Tea is among the choicest in the country.....$1 00 P lb.
20 chests per ship Manufactress.....1 00 "
20 chests per ship Queen of May.....1 20 "

ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEAS.

A dark drawing, strong and rich Black Tea:
20 pkgs. per ship Horatio, very choice.....$1 00 P lb.
25 " " Samuel Russell.....1 00 "
25 " " Amaranth.....1 00 "

In addition to the above large stock of Black and Japan Teas we have on hand a full line of Green Teas, which are unrivaled for fairness and delicacy of flavor, comprising

Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial,

Varying in prices from $1 to $2 P lb. Orders for Teas or Coffees promptly filled. Send for price lists.

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,

108 Smithfield Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO.

JUST RECEIVED,

A Large Stock of the

BANNER BRAND.

Also, a lot of the celebrated

Fine Cut Navy,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICE, AT

R. & W. JENKINSON'S,

No. 6 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

jy6:b78

ARTISANS' INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE, N. W. Corner WOOD and THIRD STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

The following statement of the affairs of this Company on June 20, 1867, is published in conformity with law:

Capital.....$100,000 00
With privilege of increasing to.....200,000 00

INCOME FROM JULY 17, 1866, TO JUNE 20, 1867.

Premiums on Fire and Cargo Risks.....$ 18,092 20
Interest, Ground rents, &c.....6,950 00
Paid—Return Fire Premiums.....599 24
Salaries, Taxes, Stamps, cash Commissions and Expenses.....4,911 63
Expenses of organization and fitting up office.....1,830 69
Losses by fire.....675 18
Amount of outstanding fire risks.....945,956 81
No Hull Risks taken.

ASSETS.

Cash.....1,976 50
Book accounts, premiums.....493 91
Mortgages, first liens.....41,400 00
Loans on Collaterals and call.....21,000 00
Ground Rents.....2,750 00
Stock Notes, payable on demand.....50,000 00
Office furniture and safe, (cost, $1,-3-8 72-100).....673 00
Ground Rents and Interest, accrued but not due.....854 00
$120,003 74

LIABILITIES.

One small loss of $60—since paid.
jy6:b70 J. G. COFFIN, Secretary.

THE AMERICAN TEA CO.,

No. 2 St. Clair Street,

Have opened a store for the sale of strictly pure

Teas, Coffees and Spices,

And solicit a trial of their goods, which they guarantee to be of

THE BEST QUALITY,

AND MUCH LOWER IN PRICE.

Than the same articles are now sold for. Our selections are made with great care, and we guarantee to sell only PURE GOODS, and no inferior goods will be sold by us at any price. Call for a price list, and give us a trial, as all we ask.

jy6:b75:TTS

FRUIT JARS! FRUIT JARS!

KLINE'S, SQUIRE'S, MASON'S.

The subscribers still continue to manufacture that most effective and popular FRUIT JAR,

Kline's all Glass Self-Sealer.

Also, SQUIRE'S, all glass, (a new article); also, the MASON SCREW TOP JAR, which has been in use for the last ten years, and unusually popular this season. Also, the WILLOUGHBY JAR. These Jars are well known to be the BEST SELLING JARS in the country, and have ADVANTAGE OVER ALL OTHERS, of being EASILY OPENED. Prices LOW to the trade.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, at No. 63 WATER STREET, or at the Arsenal Glass Works, foot of Chestnut street, Lawrenceville.

LORENZ & WIGHTMAN,

Office and Warehouse, No. 63 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

jy6:b71

ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

GAS,

Hot and Cold Water, &c.,

By experienced and practical workmen.

JOHN M. TATE,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,

227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and 59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

jel7:w80:TU-THS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter.

Office, corner of BAKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy6:b75

ICE PITCHERS, Another fine lot of

Ice Pitchers, Waiters, Goblets, CUPS, &c.,

Just received by

J. R. REED & CO.,

jy6 68 Fifth Street.

EMERSON'S INTERNAL REVENUE GUIDE 1867, containing the Law of June 30th, 1867, as amended to March 2d, 1867. Also, the rules published for the assessment of Incomes, Stamp duties, with analysis and full directions for the assessment of Income tax.

Price $1.

jy6 KAY & COMPANY, 63 Wood street.

BRIGHTLEY'S ANNUAL DIGEST, for 1866 to 1867. Annual Digest of the Laws of Pennsylvania, for the years 1866 to 1867, completing Purdon's Digest to the present date. Price $5.

KAY & COMPANY,

jy6 63 WOOD STREET.

U. S. STATUTES, 1866-7.

The Statutes at Large and Treaties, passed at the second session of the Thirty-ninth Congress, 1866-7. Edited by George P. Sanger. Price $2 00.

KAY & COMPANY,

jy6 Lafayette Building, 65 Wood street.

A KEY TO THE BANKRUPT ACT.

THE BANKRUPT ACT OF 1867, printed from the Official Copy; annotated digested and indexed, for the easy and convenient reference of the legal profession and business men. By G. Morgan Eldredge. Price 50 cents.

KAY & COMPANY,

jy6 63 Wood street.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1867.

Notice is hereby given that JAMES BLAIR has this day been admitted into the firm of

MORROW & BARNHILL,

Proprietors O'Hara Boiler Works. The name and style of the firm will, from this date, be

MORROW, BARNHILL & CO.

jy6:b88

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1867.

CITY WEIGH SCALES.

Sealed Proposals, addressed to the Finance Committee of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 10th, 1867, at 3 o'clock p. m., for Weighmasters for the several City Weigh Scales. Bidders will state how much per cent. of the gross revenue arising from said Scales they will pay to the city for the use of the same.

JOHN McCARGO,
jy6:b Controller.

ST. CLAIR BILLIARD ROOMS.

A PLEASANT PLACE TO SPEND AN HOUR.

The large and commodious rooms on the

Southwest Corner of St. Clair and Liberty Sts.,

Have been newly fitted up for

First Class Billiard Rooms.

Everything is new, clean and neat, and is under the Superintendency of M. HOGAN & BRO., Jr., one of the oldest and most experienced men in the business. Step in and try our tables.

jy6 bsb

FRUIT JARS! FRUIT JARS!

We are manufacturers of the

DALBEY & LYMAN SELF-SEALING FRUIT JARS,

Also, JARS FOR CORKS, and having a heavy stock on hand, are prepared to fill all orders promptly, and call the attention of dealers and consumers to these facts.

WM. McCULLY & CO.,

Office, 18 and 20 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

P. S.—Our DALBEY JAR, for cheapness, simplicity and reliability, surpasses all others in the market. jy6 bsb

HAVE YOU BEEN IN THE

New Trimming Store?

IF NOT, CALL AT

W. H. MILLER'S,

No. 64 Market Street,

(Opposite J. W. BARKER'S.)

N. B.—A full line of

Alexandre's Kid Gloves,

Just received this day.

jy6:a26

5,000 VOLUMES OF SECOND HAND BOOKS,

Comprising in part

Law Books, Theological, Medical & Miscellaneous Works

Of every description,

SELLING AT HALF PRICE.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS, Wholesale and Retail, at EASTERN PRICES

LEGAL CAP PAPER,
FOOLSCAP, LETTER, COMMERCIAL, NOTE and BILLET PAPER.
MOURNING PAPER AND ENVELOPES, of all sizes.
BROAD AND LONG BILL PAPER.
PENS,
INK,
PEN-KNIVES, of all kinds.

ALL THE LATE

Magazines and Illustrated Papers.

CALL AND GET A SUPPLY, AT THE

BOOK AND NEWS DEPOT,

Sixth Street, below Smithfield.

JOHN D. EGAN.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO TICKET HOLDERS IN

KELLEY'S GRAND North American Gift Concert.

First Premium $30,000 in Greenbacks.

TIME FIXED FOR THE CONCERT TO TAKE PLACE AT COOPER INSTITUTE, NEW YORK CITY,

Saturday, July 13th, 1867.

ONLY A FEW DAYS MORE LEFT TO

SECURE TICKETS.

This is the greatest distribution of the 19th Century, and the most successful enterprise of the kind ever inaugurated in the world! 500,000 valuable gifts, valued at HALF A MILLION DOLLARS, including $300,000 IN GREENBACKS, will be presented to ticket holders.

EVERY TICKET RECEIVES A GIFT.

THE

DEMAND FOR TICKETS

IS

WITHOUT A PARALLEL.

All orders for tickets mailed in New England and Middle States up to Friday night, July 12th, will reach us in time to be filed and mailed before the Concert commences.

All orders mailed in the Western States up to Thursday night, July 11th, will be in time also.

Agents can continue to sell tickets until 6 p. m. Saturday, July 13th, when all reports must be made with returns and paid for, or they will be cancelled.

Agents having tickets unsold or contracted for, will please forward them to our address, as they are required to fill orders in New York.

Tickets, $1 each. 5 for $4.50. 10 for $9. 20 for $17.50. Sent everywhere on receipt of price. Money by draft, post office order, express, or in registered letters, may be sent at our risk.

Tickets sold for Kelley's Grand North American Gift Concert, to take place at Wabash Avenue Rink, Chicago, Illinois, are good for this Concert, at Cooper Institute, New York City.

All communications should be addressed to

A. A. KELLEY & CO.,

691 Broadway, N. Y.

jy6:b66

JOHN SWEENEY

Will Open, on the 1st of July, a

First Class Dining Room,

At 43 Washington St.

CHOICE ALE AND FINE CIGARS

Will be found at the Counter.

je28:b47

NOTICE.

W. J. MYERS,

(OF MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,)

Having sold his interest to WM. S. WILT, on April 1st, 1867, retires from the firm, and Mr. WILT enters as a partner from that date. The name of the firm will remain as usual, and continue on at their old stand,

No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET.

jy3:b36

JOSEPH M. GAZZAM, S. R. BUTTERFIELD, G. A. M'MASTER.

M'MASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD,

Attorneys & Counselors-at-Law,

AND SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Office, 98 GRANT STREET,

OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

je15:6W

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,

112 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. je28

SAFE FOR SALE.—A large DOUBLE DOOR SAFE, Burke & Barnes' manufacture. Enquire at

147 WOOD STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POISONOUS AND FILTHY!

Adulterations are used

IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ADULTERATED SPICES.

BLACK LEAD, TERRA ALBA, WORMY CRACKERS, TUMERIC,

Are Among the Adulterations Used

THE PURE SPICE MILLS,

Manufacture none but perfectly PURE SPICES.

$500.00 REWARD

For any adulteration found in our Spices. One package of Pure spices will go as far as three packages of adulterated Spices usually used.

NONE GENUINE UNLESS SIGNED

ARBUCKLES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Proprietors of Pure Spice Mills

222 and 221 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Try a pound of our prime roasted UNGROUND RIO COFFEE, put up in Air Tight Packages. Warranted to be better flavored and more economical than any Coffee in the market.

jy6

1673 BAGS COFFEE,

GOOD TO STRICTLY CHOICE.

In store and arriving. Also, a full stock of

OTHER GROCERIES.

Which will be sold to the trade at the LOWEST EASTERN PRICES, freight added, by

ARBUCKLES & CO.,

Nos. 212 and 214 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

jy6:b66:TTS

OPENED THIS DAY,

AT

ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S,

No. 178 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

New Lawns;

Colored Alpacas, Wool Delaines;

Pink, Buff and Blue Chintz;

New Prints and Ginghams;

Bleached & Unbleached Muslins;

Table Linens, Tickings, Shirting;

Checks, Jeans and Cassimeres;

Irish Linens, Bird Eye Linens;

Napkins, Towels;

Sun Umbrellas, Parasols;

New Style White Hoop Skirts;

Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery;

Linen Handkerchiefs, &c.;

At prices as low as any. Wholesale buyers are invited to call and examine our stock.

ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO.,

No. 178 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

jy6:m66

HERBST ORDINARY.

DINING, LUNCH, COFFEE

AND ICE CREAM ROOMS,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

No. 64 Fourth St.

☞ Our MORNING LUNCHES served daily, from 8 to

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

DRY GOODS!

Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 & 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Black Silks.
Fine Lawns;
Plain and Printed Percales;
Plain and Printed Marseilles;
Checks and Tickings;
Cottonades & Farmers' Linen;
Fine and Heavy Flannels;
Bleached & Brown Shirtings;
Corsets and Hoop Skirts;
Mosquito Netting;
Hosiery and Notions;

AT LOWEST NET PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

☞Orders promptly filled.

jy2

NEW DRY GOODS STORE!

OPEN

Monday, June 17th,

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

NEW DRY GOODS,

HOSIERY,

NOTIONS, SHAWLS,

Cassimeres and Cloths,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES!

Fine and Heavy Flannels;
Bleached & Brown Shirtings;
Corsets and Hoop Skirts;
Mosquito Netting;
Hosiery and Notions;

AT LOWEST NET PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

☞Orders promptly filled.

jy2

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW AND

DESIRABLE GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S.

Pointed Trimming Ribbons;
Plain Trimming Ribbons, all shades;
Jet and Crystal Gimps and Fringes;
Colored Ball Trimmings;
White Cotton and Ball Fringes;
A full line of Alexandre's Kid Gloves;
Lisle, Oxford, Neapolitan, Silk and Kid Finish Gloves;
Lisle and Cotton Lace Hose;
Gent's, Ladies', Misses' and Infants' Hosiery;
Silk Umbrellas and Parasols;
Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Lace Goods, &c.;
Duplex Reception Skirt;
Corsets, Belting and Buckles;
Palm, Linen and Silk Fans;
Gauze Underwear, for Ladies, Gents and Children;
Bead Collars & Belts, something new;
And a large stock of NOTIONS, of all kinds, at low Prices: Call and examine.

77 and 79 Market Street.

my25:su90

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of seasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants assorting up should call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

je29

DENNISON & HECKERT,

No. 27 Fifth Street,

ARE SELLING

KID GLOVES for.....$1.00.
KID GLOVES, only.....1.00.
KID GLOVES, only.....75c.

STRAW HATS for.....25c.
STRAW HATS for.....25c.

FINER STRAW HATS for.....50c.
FINER STRAW HATS for.....50c.

LADIES' HOSE, 15c. per pair, or two pair for 25 cents.

LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS, 50c., 60c., 75c., 80c., 90c. and $1.00.

DENNISON & HECKERT.

je28

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

Are now constructing a Railroad from OMAHA, NEBRASKA, westward towards the Pacific Ocean, making, with its connections, an unbroken line

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

The Company now offer a limited amount of their

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

Having thirty years to run, and bearing annual interest, payable on the first day of January and July, in the City of New York, at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

At Ninety Cents on the Dollar.

This road was completed from Omaha 305 miles west on the 1st of January, 1867, and is fully equipped, and trains are regularly running over it. The Company has now on hand sufficient iron, ties, etc., to finish the remaining portion to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, 212 miles, which is under contract to be done September 1st of this year, and it is expected that the entire road will be in running order from Omaha to the western boundary with the Central Pacific, now being rapidly built eastward from Sacramento, Cal., during 1870.

Means of the Company.

Estimating the distance to be built by the Union Pacific to be 1,565 miles, the United States Government issues it Six per cent. Thirty-year Bonds to the Company as the road is finished at the average rate of about $28,250 per mile, amounting to $44,208,000.

The Company is also permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an equal amount, and at the same time, which BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS ARE MADE A FIRST MORTGAGE ON THE ENTIRE LINE, the bonds of the United States being *subordinate to them.*

The Government makes a donation of 12,80 acres of land to the mile, amounting to 20,022,00 acres, estimated to be worth $30,000,000, making the total resources, exclusive of the capital, $118,409,000; but the full value of the lands cannot now be realized.

The authorized Capital Stock of the Company is one hundred million dollars, of which five millions have already been paid in, and of which it is not supposed that more than twenty-five millions at most will be required.

The cost of the road is estimated by competent engineers to be about one hundred million dollars, exclusive of equipment.

Prospects for Business.

The railroad connection between Omaha and the East is now complete, and the earnings of the Union Pacific on the sections already finished, for the month of May, were $261,782. These sectional earnings, as the road progresses, will much more than pay the interest on the Company's bonds, and the through business over the only line of railroad between the Atlantic and Pacific must be immense.

Value and Security of the Bonds.

The Company respectfully submit that the above statement of facts fully demonstrates the security of their Bonds, and as additional proof they would suggest that the Bonds now offered are less than ten million dollars on 817 miles of road, on which over twenty million dollars have already been expended; on 380 miles of this road the cars are now running, and the remaining 187 miles are nearly completed.

At the present rate of premium on gold these onds pay an annual interest on the present cost of

Nine Per Cent.,

And it is believed that on the completion of the road, like the Government Bonds, they will go above par. The Company intend to sell but a limited amount at the present low rate, and retain the right to advance the price at their option.

Subscriptions will be received in New York by the

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau St.

CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, 51 Wall St.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON., Bankers, 33 Wall St.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TRIMMINGS.

Jet Bead and Bugle Gimps and Fringes
Crystal Bead Gimps and Drop Trimmings.
Jet and Crystal Ornaments.
Fancy Silk and Jet Drop Buttons.
Fine Assortment of Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
English Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, all widths and shades.
Colored Velvet Ribbons.
Elegant Assortment Real Point and Applique Laces and Handkerchiefs.

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES.

The Jobbing Trade will find a complete stock of the above goods in our Wholesale Department, together with a great variety of

Fancy Goods & Notions Generally,

AT EASTERN PRICES.

my22:su90

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

J. M. BURGHFIELD & CO.,

No. 57 Market Street,

Have just opened a new stock of goods at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

ORGANDIE LAWNS, for 25c. worth 50.
Do. do. 31c. worth 50.
FRENCH LAWNS, for 25c. worth 50.
GRENADINES, for 37½c. worth 75.
GINGHAMS, for 12½c. worth 25.
BLEACHED MUSLINS, for 12½c. worth 20.
WHITE NAINSOOK, WHITE SWISS;
FRENCH MULLES, WHITE P. K.'S;
PLAID MUSLINS, WHITE FLANNELS;
LINEN LAWNS, IRISH LINENS.

THIS IS THE BEST AND

CHEAPEST STOCK OF GOODS,

IN THE CITY.

Remember the place, 57 MARKET STREET.

jy2:su90

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

my1

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TRIMMINGS.

Jet Bead and Bugle Gimps and Fringes
Crystal Bead Gimps and Drop Trimmings.
Jet and Crystal Ornaments.
Fancy Silk and Jet Drop Buttons.
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AT EASTERN PRICES.

my22:su90

The Pittsburgh Gazette

LETTER LISTS.

Published by Authority.

List of Uncalled For Letters Remaining in the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Postoffices, July 6th, 1867.

PITTSBURGH.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

[*As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

A
Adams Robt
Adams Harry N
Abbott A S
Angelberger T S
Angel A
Anderson J N
Anderson Geo
Anney Jacob
Augustine F J
Arberg J P
Ackow W

B
Bailey & Co
Ballentine Mrs
Baker Lewis
Barney G 2
Bayer W E
Barnes D
Barnes F
Barrett L P
Bayard Mr
Bars O O
Bars John W
Barry P
Bates A F
Bassett S L
Bedmond 2 M
Bell A
Bender A C
Beadle J G
Bennett B G
Beaver H L
Berger H
Bercenbeine H
Berry J C
Berry A E
Bingman Jacob
Bilding & Co H
Bing F M
Bigear N
Blodget Geo W
Black James
Blakley H
Blackburn Wm
Bair James
Brown John
Brown F A
Brown Wm
Bragg Chas W
Brunck M
Brant, Gaher & Co
Broderson Ph
Brenannin Jas
Bryan M R
Bogus D
Bruf J B
Briner D
Balger H R
Bail John
Baumgardner G
Byck M

C
Calhan S
Camp A
Caron John
Casmore Thos
Carson K
Carter A J
Carter J A
Carpenter Thos
Cassell A B
Christopher O
Channell John
Child H B
Child John
Cole David
Cline John
Collier O
Collier John
Clara John
Clark Albert
Clock H
Coons J C
Conter L A
Conway J & H
Cowway Robt
Crone M
Creigh alfred
Cuckies Jacob 2

D
Davis Moses
Davidson Wm
Davisson J N
Deelg A
Davey Thos
Devore J H
Devers F
Devine M
Delany Lavenia
De Knight C
De Huff Henry
Denner & Corl
Deelg A
Dickson Geo
Dickson Henry
Dickson & Hitchcock
Dickerman I L
Dicker W A
Doe & Co J S
Downends S d
Donnelly Pat
Dorn Geo
Downes Peter
Dorsheer W H
Donovan John
Doran N F
Dabler & Co J B
Drum Wm
Doyle P

E
Edwards Antty
Eisenhuse L
Esthen J G
Esty J M
Ellis J D 2
Emlock Wm
Ege D S
Eisnle P R
Eyrick Jacob
Erivett J

F
Farley John
Farrar Dr J C
Fahenstock P
Fairlown M M
Feeley Jno
Feizer Wm
Fenda J A
Finney Rev J P
Felnde & Co H M
Flockton J T
Fodi Sam
Fowler B F
French J W 2
Frink Wm H
Frantz L J
Frank H
Frazer John
Frazier M
Frazier & Bro
Frank J S

G
Gallagher H
Gamble T
Garforth Jos
Garrett C S
Garrison Mr
Gano R M
Green Ada
Greer Julia A
Groves A Miss
Griffiths E A

H
Hagan Bridget
Hays Charlotte
Hunter Ann Mrs
Haughton A
Harriet Cath
Haugh Jesse
Hailer Mary C
Hookins M
Hughes Kate
Hunter E

J
Jacobs J P
Jamison Mary
Jones Theo 2
Johnson J M
Jones Franx
Jackson A B

K
Kelly A
Kennedy David
Kennedy V A
Kane John
Kane John C
Keeper Jones
Kaufman I P
King Mary C
Kelly Wm
Kennedy Pat

L
Lane Abner
Lemmon H A
Lutz Frank H
Lytle Geo
Long Geo F
Lewis Samuel 2
Lowrey H W
Lane Sam M
Lindsey I
Lind Jacob
Lang Mollie E
Lutwyr M
Lesher Mary

M
Maxwell Alex
Marshall Annis
Marsh Lizzie
Marsh Charles
Mayfield J M
Matthews Wm
Mulligan C
Mercer Dr B
Menasich E F
Mealy Thos
Meely Wm
Miles J W
Miller Jno H
Miller D W
Miller D W
Matter H
Mollifer C
Mayer Jno
Morrison J W
Miller Margt
Mooney Maggie
Murphy M
Murphy W
Mackey Wm
Mathews Wm D
Moore Hackett
Miles Robt
Mealey Geo W
McKeag Wm

McKelvy, P. M.

ALLEGHENY LETTER LIST.

[*As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

A
Adams A T
Arlington A M
Angell Chas
Alexander C
Anderson H
Ayer J W
Anderson Mary
Atkins Mary
Arthur W C
Akins Wm
Anderson R M

B
Brunon F R
Bowers Annie
Ballentine A Z
Blair Andrew
Berry Agnes
Brady C
Bidwell C M
Bronson David
Boldon Elizb'h
Buckingham E
Brown Nannie
Bell George
Brook Hannah
Bilen Sallie J
Boggs Sally J
Boyle John
Backennan Jno
Black Thos
Brook Ludwick
Brown M D
Bigley Mary A
Braun Mrs
Berry Martha
Butler Mary 2
Bilers Mary
Bartlery R Lt
Byrne E H
C
Canny W H
Cook & Orefield
Cowell & Bro
Cray Jas M
Clark Bridget
Claridge R
Critchlow Fan
Chouser Geo
Camel John
Calhoun Jennie
Cummings L
Carey P
Childs Mrs
Campbell M
Chase Wm
Caskey Robt
Cornelius Robt

D
Douglas Henry
Davidson A
Davis Albert
Dake Cha H
Davis Chas
Davis Clark
Davis Caroline
Davis E N
Denson E
De Forest Geo 2
Dukes H S
Darling O N
Day James
Dyer Louisa
Dawson Mary F
Davis Mollie E
Dwight Peter

E
Ewing Anna E
Eben G B
Ewing David
Ebbecin Saml
Elliot, Wm

F
Frazier Geo
Ferguson Hugh
Faber J
Forrester H
Fulton Mouille E
Flanders Jas

G
Garver C
Woodwin C G
Greatrake C L
Green Harriet
George Hanna
Graham H A
Galora Susan
Goodfellow L
Gormley M L
Gilmore Wm
Grim Jos
Gordon Jno
Gallagher (Offer)

H
Hogan Anna
Henry Chas
Hay C A
Henderson E
Hil Eliza
Hartshorn E
Hall Hannah
Hall Thos G
Holding Mollie
Harbison M E
Hoffman Mary
Hamilton M E
Hall W E
Harney W
Ham Patrick

Ivens C T

J
Jacobs J P
Jamison Mary
Jones Theo 2
Johnson J M
Jones Franx
Jackson A B

K
Kelly A
Kennedy David
Kennedy V A
Kane John
Kane John C
Keeper Jones
Kaufman I P
King Mary C
Kelly Wm
Kennedy Pat

L
Lane Abner
Lemmon H A
Lutz Frank H
Lytle Geo
Long Geo F
Lewis Samuel 2
Lowrey H W
Lane Sam M
Lindsey I
Lind Jacob
Lang Mollie E
Lutwyr M
Lesher Mary

M
Maxwell Alex
Marshall Annis
Marsh Lizzie
Marsh Charles
Mayfield J M
Matthews Wm
Mulligan C
Mercer Dr B
Menasich E F
Mealy Thos
Meely Wm
Miles J W
Miller Jno H
Miller D W
Miller D W
Matter H
Mollifer C
Mayer Jno
Morrison J W
Miller Margt
Mooney Maggie
Murphy M
Murphy W
Mackey Wm
Mathews Wm D
Moore Hackett
Miles Robt
Mealey Geo W
McKeag Wm

McKelvy, P. M.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

[FIFTH WEEK.]

This Court met Friday at ten o'clock, Hon. Thomas Mellon on the bench, Col. L. B. Duff, District Attorney.

CASE RESUMED.

The trial of Sandy Fitzimmons, heater in the Black Diamond Steel Works, for an alleged assault and battery upon Mrs. Ellen Cowley, was resumed. The parties live under one roof in the Ninth ward, defendant occupying the lower and prosecutrix the upper part of the house. Mrs. Cowley testified that she had a few friends spending a Saturday evening with her, and were enjoying themselves drinking ale, singing, &c.; that defendant invaded the room in which she had her "party," knocked her down twice, and loosened two of her teeth, "which were not false." She called for the "watch," and had defendant arrested; this was about twelve o'clock Saturday night. Margaret Booth, one of the "friends," whose husband was also there, considerably drunk, testified that Fitzsimmons came into the room and said they were knocking the plastering off the ceiling in his room below; saw Mrs. Cowley falling down; after which she (Mrs. Cowley) went for a watchman; defendant drew a knife (pen knife) and threatened to whip any d——n b——h in the room. For the defense two of the night police testified to having been summoned to the house by Mrs. Cowley calling "watch" on the street; discovered that she was intoxicated, and as they could not find the man she said had knocked her down, they arrested her, "took her down" (to the lower), where she cleared herself by making a charge against Fitzsimmons; being found on the street, intoxicated, and calling "watch," they arrested her of "disorderly conduct," in other words, they were bound to arrest somebody and "make a case," and not finding the person who was the occasion of Mrs. Cowley giving an alarm, they concluded to arrest her, and to secure her release she was obliged to make a charge against defendant. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, prosecutrix to pay the costs.

LARCENY OF A HAT.

Thomas Dillon was placed on trial for the larceny of a hat from William Woodward. For the prosecution evidence was offered that Woodward with two friends while coming from their work at Manchester, and in passing through the Ninth ward, they were accosted by four men, Dillon among them. Woodward was knocked down, and one of the party, said to be Dillon, picked up Woodward's hat and ran away. Information for assault and battery was made by Woodward against Dillon before Alderman Johns, which was settled, defendant paying the costs, and agreeing to return the hat. At the magistrate's office Dillon stated that if Woodward had called on him for the hat next morning it would have been given him. The agreement to return the hat was not carried out, and two weeks having elapsed without it being returned, Woodward made information before Alderman Thomas, for larceny. The defense was *alibi*, witnesses being produced to show that at the time of the alleged assault and battery and larceny, about half past ten o'clock on the night of the 28th of May, Dillon was at his boarding house, in bed.

The statement of the defendant that if the prosecutor had called on him for the hat next morning he would have given up the hat or paid for it, was a bad feature of the case, viewed in connection with the *alibi*, and the defense fell was of a grammatical nature, it being contended that the defendant used the word *a* hat, not *the* hat, and that this semi-acknowledgment was made, not that he was guilty, but that he did not wish to be put to any trouble, and in order to compromise the assault and battery case pounded to return the hat. The witnesses brought to prove the *alibi*, *four* in number, testified that they were present when the prosecutor was knocked down, that Dillon was not the man who struck the blow, and that he was not present at the time. The prosecutor, and a friend who was with him at the time, testified there were *five* men in the crowd who assaulted them. The jury entertaining a "reasonable doubt," found a verdict of not guilty.

LARCENY OF A SKIFF.

Peter Sennett was tried for the larceny of a skiff on the 12th of April last, the property of Kirkpatrick, Brother & Co., saw mill owners in the Ninth ward. The skiff was taken or found afloat by defendant, in company with two others, and never returned. Jury out at adjournment.

THE BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

In the Kuntz-Bishop malicious mischief and assault and battery cases, arising out of a dispute about a boundary line in Ross township, tried on Wednesday, the jury rendered verdicts, as follows: Commonwealth vs. Rebecca Bishop, assault and battery, Hannah Kuntz, prosecutrix, not guilty, prosecutrix to pay the costs; Commonwealth vs. Hannah Kuntz, William Kunts and Susannah Hour, assault and battery, Christina Bishop, prosecutrix, not guilty, prosecutrix to pay the costs; Commonwealth vs. Henry Kuntz and Hannah Kuntz, malicious mischief, Charles Bishop, prosecutor, not guilty, the costs to be divided equally between the prosecutor and defendants.

GUILTY OF FORGERY.

Henry J. Salisbury put in a plea of guilty of uttering a check on the Commercial National Bank of Pittsburgh, purporting to have been issued and signed by J. W. Taylor, calling for forty-five dollars and eighty-five cents, and drawn in favor of C. T. Ewing, the same being false and forged. Thomas A. Galbraith is the prosecutor. Sentence was deferred.

Court adjourned till to-day at ten o'clock, when there will be jury trials.

☞Additional Local Matters on First Page.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

E. HOUSTON & CO.,

FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILORS,

And dealers in MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING and GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, No. 107 FIFTH STREET, corner of Cherry alley. Custom work made in the latest styles and most durable manner. Prices very reasonable.

je18:s

HENRY CAPPELL, Merchant

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

142 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Three door below Sixth, PITTSBURGH, PA.

All the latest Spring and Summer Styles of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings on hand, and made up in the most fashionable style, at the lowest prices. my18:s&tf

E. J. McGRATTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

S. W. corner DIAMOND and OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.

A large assortment of Furnishing Goods always on hand. A first class cutter will attend to custom work. jel8:s&TUTS

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Metropolitan, Garibaldi, Grant,

HARNEY AND CUTAWAY

SUITS,

ALL SIZES AND OF THE NEWEST FABRICS,

A large and complete assortment now on hand.

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

HENRY G. HALE

NORTHWEST COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

JUST OPENED,

COMPRISING

All the Novelties of the Season,

Such as is only found in a

First-Class Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

mh5:n87

Great Reduction in Prices.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

Spring Goods,

Fresh from the Importers,

Which will be made up with care and dispatch, and at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

OWEN BYRNE,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 14 WYLIE ST.,

UNDER ASHLAND HALL.

ap9:1:39:TTS

AUCTION SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

The undersigned, assignee of JAMES R. LINDSAY, will sell at public auction, on

MONDAY, the 8th Day of July, 1867,

At 10 o'clock a. m. at the Warehouse, No. 118 FIRST STREET, Pittsburgh, the following personal property:

The stock of goods in said Warehouse consisting of Blacksmith's Tools, Picks, Mattocks, Hatchet, Iron Hoops, Cheese Bars, &c.

And will also sell at public sale, on the premises, in Allegheny City, at No. 177 JACKSON street, on the day aforesaid, at 2 o'clock p. m., the stock of iron and steel, and a large quantity of partially manufactured goods, to wit: Blacksmith's Tools, Hatchets, Grub Hoes, &c., &c. Also, one Horse, Harness, and two Wagons and Buggies. The above is generally of said assignee's goods, and materials purchased by him of Chas. R. Lindsay, in and about the Bellows Factory and Forge, at Jackson street aforesaid, together with the Bellows Factory and Forge, and the Machinery and Fixtures on and attending the Factory, Lot, Stable and Real Estate, being a lot of ground about 78 feet front on Jackson street and extending back 160 feet to Lesdale street, preserving the width of 78 feet for a distance of 90 feet back, and a width of 38 feet the residue of the distance to Ledlie street.

Terms made known on day of sale.

je27:tu9 ROBERT MOODY, Assignee.

COUNTRY HOMES AT AUCTION.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in Robinson township, on THURSDAY, July 11th, 1867, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m., a splendid variety of BUILDING LOTS, desirable for country homes or for gardening purposes, the whole consisting of thirty-seven beautiful lots, ranging from one to three acres each. These lots are situated on Chartiers creek, the opportunity thus offered for obtaining a country home or garden spot is a very rare one.

Any person wishing to see the property before the sale, can do so by calling on the subscriber, near the premises, in Chartiers township.

Terms—One-third cash at time of sale; balance in one and two years, with interest from date of sale. ALEXANDER McCLELLAND.

MATTHEW HARBISON, Auctioneer.

je20:s&TTS

AUCTION SALES.

110 Smithfield St., opposite Post Office.

Day and evening sales on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, of Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Hosiery, Hardware, Bar Soap, Queensware, Groceries, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Notions, &c. Private sales on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Special attention to Furniture sales. Real Estate held on margin and sold on commission.

J. W. BREEN & CO., Auctioneers.

ap11:tu3:TTS

DR. J. A. HEKRON

HAS REMOVED

His Office and Residence to

No. 14 SMITHFIELD ST.,

Nearly opposite the Monongahela House.

my10:tu13

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CURRIE INSTITUTE.

PUPILS ENTERING NOW

Can Complete an Outline Course

BY THE 28TH OF JUNE.

And the principal will guarantee situations at a fair salaries varying

FROM $40 TO $100 PER MONTH,

To all pupils who stand a first-class examination.

my11:s&tf

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. je8:eod

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield sts.

☞Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. jal1:n82

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:eod&wT

☞SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. E. SCHMERTZ,

my15:n58 No. 31 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

☞QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 218 PENN STREET,

mh26:n91 PITTSBURGH.

☞TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY; WHY NOT? Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Human Association, on the Physiological Errors, Causes and Cure of Nervous Debility, Ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my7:eod&w6

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING.

C. W. BUERKLE ..... F. MILLER.

BUERKLE & MILLER,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Beer and Ale Pumps, all kinds of Beer and Ale Cocks, Force Pumps, Sinks, Wash Stands, Bath Tubs, Gum Hose, Marble Ware, &c.

No. 260 Ohio Street,

(Between Saint Lane and Chestnut St.,)

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Houses fitted up with Gas and Water at short notice. jel1:n85

GEO. C. SPANGLER ..... JAS. BRADFORD.

SPANGLER & BRADFORD,

PRACTICAL

Plumbers and Gas Fitters,

No. 47 Ohio St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Houses fitted up with WATER, GAS and STEAM by experienced workmen. Particular attention given to country work. Pumps and ALE PUMPS, latest style. my11:n80

JOHN M. COOPER ..... JOS. KAYE.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my10:n90

COLL & MILLS,

PRACTICAL PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

No. 536 Penn Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Cistern and Well Pumps of all kinds. Houses fitted up with Gas and Water, in the most approved style, by experienced workmen.

Special attention paid to country work.

my9:y59

F. L. ATWOOD. BENSON JONES. J. M'CAFFREY.

ATWOOD & M'CAFFREY,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

Cor. of 3rd and Liberty Streets,

Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Penna.

Light and Heavy Castings furnished promptly to order.

Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c., &c.

Agents for A. S. Cameron & Co.'s

STEAM PUMPS

AND

BLOWER ENGINES.

These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one is warranted to give satisfaction. Pumps constantly on hand.

je28:n59

WM. HERLEHY ..... B. JOHNSON.

HERLEHY & JOHNSON,

PRACTICAL

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

All orders by mail executed satisfactorily and promptly attended to.

A full line of Bath Tubs, Pumps, Basins, Water Closets, Wash Bowls, Sheet Lead, Pipe and Gas Shades for sale at the most reasonable prices.

Orders from country patrons by mail promptly attended to.

Gum Hose of every description. je28:n89

BAILIFF, BROWN & CO.,

No. 55 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY, Pa.,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS, keep always on hand a large assortment of HYDRANTS, SHEET LEAD, LEADPIPE, BATH TUBS, WASH BASINS, IRON AND BRASS COCKS, and all materials for fitting up public or private buildings with GAS, WATER or STEAM. ja26:n89

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS—At

FRANCE'S TEA MART,

No. 15 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH,

You can buy the finest quality of TEAS, at the price of any sold in the city. Also,

Sugars, Coffees and Groceries,

Of all kinds, of equally fine quality for the prices. TERMS CASH. Goods delivered free.

WM. FRANCE & SON,

15 DIAMOND, Pittsburgh.

JUST RECEIVED, AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, meat safes, Water Coolers, Step Ladders, and a full line of House-furnishing Goods, also, manufacturers of ZIMMERMAN'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. je18:n65

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed,

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

JAMES B. JONES,

DEALER IN

Scrap Iron, Light Iron,

CAST AND WROUGHT IRON.

ROPE, &C.

Corner Anderson Street and River Avenue, Allegheny City.

C. CLARK ..... H. WATKINS ..... D. F. RAY.

IRON CITY BELT WORKS.

CEO. O. CLARK & CO.,

Manufacturers of every description of Patent, Stretched, Cemented and Riveted OAK-Tanned

Leather Belting,

No. 409 LIBERTY ST., (2d floor,) opposite Union Depot, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

WILLIAM B. ROSS,

Of Allegheny City, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap18:tf&s

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The best Farm in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing about 200 acres, situated six miles south of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Bolivar Station. The improvements are a large brick two story house, with nine rooms, a good cellar, a frame sheep barn, 40x70, with the best of stabling. Two apple and one peach orchard. The whole farm is in a high state of cultivation; the fencing is all new. If the soil is good, and is well watered, about 100 acres cleared, the remainder in good white oak timber. This property is offered at the low price of fifty dollars per acre. Possession immediately.

Also, a valuable Garden Farm, containing 80 acres, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghiogheny river, and near Elrod's Station, on the Connellsville Railroad, about nineteen miles from the city. The improvements are a two-story brick house, with seven rooms, hall running through the house, with cellar under it, 1 barn and other out-buildings. Abundance of the best fruit, of all varieties. Churches, Schools and Mills very convenient

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Police Items.

Hugh Hagan appeared before Alderman Taylor, and charged Thomas Bradley with assault and battery. The parties reside in the Fifth ward, and the prosecutor, alleges that Bradley came to his house and called him out, struck him, knocking him down, and beat him, without any cause or provocation whatever, and after thus abusing him threatened to take his life. A warrant was issued.

Anthony Patterson appeared before the same magistrate and made information against Louis Celia, for surety of the peace. He alleges that defendant threatened to drive him from the city or kill him. Celia was arrested and held for a hearing.

Michael Lary charged Fred Isenhart with surety of the peace. He says that the defendant threatened to kill him. Alderman Taylor allowed them to settle the case after a partial hearing by paying the costs.

The following cases were before Alderman Morrow: Mary Ann Smith made information against Frank McDivit, charging him with assault and battery. She alleges that the defendant struck her in the face with his fist. McDivit, the defendant, states that a party of three men and Mary Ann Smith came to his house, which is situated in "Harperopolis," a place noted for peace and quietness, and without cause made an attack upon him, evidence of which he carries with him in the shape of a black eye, battered nose and several cuts on the head. McDivit was arrested and held for a hearing.

James McFerson charged John Brewerton with assault and battery. The parties reside on second street, in the Eighth ward, and prosecutor alleges that the defendant met him on the street and knocked him down, without any provocation whatever. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Alderman Lynch had the following cases yesterday: T. J. Parker made two informations against F. Caveno, for assault and battery and for surety of the peace. Caveno makes the same charges against Parker, generally known as "Cheap John," keeps a store on Fifth street, and Caveno, who is an Italian, keeps a fruit stand near Barker's establishment. The difficulty occurred from the use of fire crackers by Parker, who was throwing them at the fruit man. A fight was the result, in which both had their clothes torn, hence a charge of malicious mischief. The parties were arrested and brought before the Alderman, who allowed them to settle the affair by each party paying his own costs, for which he said he would send a bill, as he had not time to tax them just then.

J. B. Caveno made information against T. J. Parker and a Mr. Smith, charging them with malicious mischief. Caveno is about eighty-five years old, and badly crippled. He is also interested in the fruit stand, and alleged that the defendants annoyed him by throwing fire crackers under his chair, burning his clothes. This was also settled by each party paying their own costs.

Michael Garraghy, a night watchman in the Ninth ward, made information against Rogers Harvey, a resident of that ward, for assault and battery. He alleges that the defendant came to his house and attacked him, tore his shirt almost off and struck him a blow which he said was more than he could stand, so he gave Harvey a sound thrashing, after which Harvey threatened to kill him, upon which he made an information against him for surety of the peace. Warrants were issued in both cases.

John Davine charged A. C. Bruteianch with maintaining a nuisance. The parties reside on Decatur alley in rear of the Diamond, where the defendant keeps a hotel. Divine alleges that the defendant throws all his slop and waste meats and vegetables out in the alley, and sometimes over into his yard, and that it has become so offensive he fears it will produce sickness. A warrant was issued.

The following case was before Alderman McMasters: A Pitcairn, of the firm of Pitcairn & Smith livery stable keepers, made information against Joseph Zeigler, charging him with abusing a horse he had hired from the firm. They allege that Zeigler hired the horse on the First day of July, for a half day, and that he abused the horse in a shameful manner, broke the buggy, and the left hand horse and buggy standing in a board yard, in Allegheny city, where it was found on the night of the Fourth by one of the Allegheny police. The offence is covered by a special act of the Legislature for Allegheny county, and if the facts of this case are represented, Mr. Zeigler should have the full benefit of the act. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

New Water Works at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 2, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The authorities of this city are engaged in the preliminary work of erecting new and greatly enlarged waterworks. They are much needed, for the supply is now hardly adequate to the wants of the city. So much mud has deposited in the present reservoirs that the water cannot be properly settled, and is still impregnated with mud, as hardly to be fit for use. Moreover they are so low that the water cannot be distributed over the higher parts of the city.

One large contract for pipe has been awarded, but there are still large bills to come. One of the water commissioners asked me why it was that when the proposals were out for the first bid, not a single bid was received from Pittsburgh. I asked him if they had advertised in the Pittsburgh papers. He said not, but that they did, advertise in the St. Louis papers. I told him that accounted for the absence of bids from Pittsburgh. I know no one when the next proposals will be invited, but would I tell if I did know; but Pittsburgh ought to furnish a large share of the pipe and machinery for these works, which will cost in the aggregate not less than three millions. The calculations are based upon the wants of half a million of people. C.

To Save Ice from Melting.—A German chemist publishes the following simple method of preserving small quantities of ice, which he has practiced with success: Put the ice into a deep dish, cover it with a plate, and place the dish upon a pillow stuffed with feathers, and cover the top with another pillow carefully, including meanwhile the external air. Feathers are well known to be non-conductors of heat, and in this manner the ice is preserved from melting.

—The freights on oil have advanced 85 per car from Corry to New York. This will practically suspend shipments to that point until the rates are reduced, and will, of course, make a diversion in favor of Pittsburgh.

Active preparations are being made to dedicate Antietam National Cemetery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TO HOUSE BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

The largest assortment of

GRATES, all Sizes;

Cooking Ranges & Stoves,

Of the VERY BEST QUALITY, for sale at

VERY LOW PRICES, BY

BISSELL & CO.,

je27:39 No. 3328 LIBERTY ST.

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.

L. D. SMITH.....A. S. SEATON.....G. G. SEATON.

SMITH, SEATON & SEATON,

Local Collecting Agents,

No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, 2ND FLOOR, P. O. BOX, 541. PITTSBURGH.

Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where bills are not collected. je27:35

CHEAPEST PASSAGE

TO THE

OLD COUNTRY.

Steerage Passage to LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN,

TWENTY-TWO DOLLARS, CURRENCY.

APPLY TO

WM. BINGHAM, JR.,

Adams Express Co., 54 Fifth St., Pittsburgh. jel:nd

JOHN ROSS.....JOHN ENABLE.....JOHN H. BOYTS.

PITTSBURGH LAMP COMPANY.

JOHN ROSS & CO.,

No. 23 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Manufacturers of

LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, ETC

Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade

TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line.

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE FOURTH.

FIREWORKS,

Of all descriptions, at

GEORGE SCHLEICH'S,

No. 69 Federal street, Allegheny.

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY to buy the

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 145 GRANT STREET.

ap8:6 P. C. DUFFY.

LEMON SYRUP.

THE PLACE TO GET

PURE LEMON SYRUP,

Manufactured from the Juice of Lemon, is at

L. B. BUMMETT'S CANDY MANUFACTORY,

je4:s38 No. 407 LIBERTY STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of

KNABE & CO.'S PIANOS,

HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and

PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS,

At BLUME'S MUSIC STORE,

my18 No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

C. G. FISCHER'S

FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,

No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept subject to the owner twelve months. my15:s2d

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,

No. 154 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Fresh stock of choice

Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,

Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.

A. G. BRYANT.

my13:s2d

CHOICE BEDDING PLANTS.

A very large stock of

Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, &c.,

In bloom, at the Oakland Greenhouses.

JOHN M. & A. MURDOCH.

Send for a catalogue. my18:s6

FIRE SCREENS

OF A NEW STYLE.

On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, a

FANCY MARKET STORE.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

ILL SERIES 7 3-10 BONDS

Converted into 5-20's, 1865,

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS. mh14:s38

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } WEDNESDAY, July 3, 1867 }

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 139½; Eighty-one bonds, 109¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 111½; Five Twenties, 1864 108 Five Twenties, 1865, 108½; 1865 ditto new, 106¾; Seven Thirties, 106½; Ten Forties, 101¾. Stocks—New York Central Railroad, 105½; Erie Railroad, 68¾; Reading Railroad, 109½; Old Southern Railroad, 80¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 86½; Chicago and Rock Island, 97¾; Chicago and Northwestern, 86; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 87¾; Fort Wayne Railroad, 100¾. Mining Stocks, Gregory, 7,25; Corydon, 2,00; Quartz Hill, 1,03.

In gold the market was excited at 139¼, but it closed at 138¾@138¾. At these rates gold is offered freely, and coupons are exchanged at the government office by holders anxious to realize the present high premium. Government securities advanced with the price of gold, and there was an advance of 1 per cent. on most of the bonds; Ten-Forties are now about as high as ever they were during an easy money market. Railroad shares are still higher on all the fancy stocks; the solid dividend paying roads in the hands of real investors are steady and do not move up and down with speculative shares held mainly by Wall street.

Mining shares firm with light changes. The local money market works very close and bank notes are very scarce for the daily transactions with the banks. The crops require already some funds to move, and the large amount of bonds sold now and remitted to eastern cities rquire an unusual amount of greenbacks.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady:

U. S. Sixes, 1881	109½
" 5-20s, 1865	111¾
" " 1864	108
" " 1865	108¼
" " 1867	107
" 10-40s	101¾
" Consols	107
August 7-30s	107
June 7-30s	105¾
Dec. Compounds, 1864	117
Gold	138¾
Silver	132½

—The usual Treasury statements for July 1st, it is stated, will be ready, and no exhibit made until August 1st, in consequence of the close of the fiscal year, which occurs June 30, and which renders necessary the accurate and official compilation of all the accounts of custom officers and others, some of which cannot be received until toward the close of July. The official reports are based on the exhibits made at the close of the fiscal year, hence the necessity for official accounts at the subsequent delay in the statment. Nothing official will be issued from the Treasury Department for June, except such prominent facts as the payment of large sums for currency interests and banking companies which have materially reduced the currency balance. The customs receipts for June will probably reach $13,500,000, and the receipts for internal revenue for the month show a footing of $20,400,000 in round numbers, an increase of $3,800,000 on May, and but $1,000,000 less than for the corresponding month to 1866. The aggregate receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, are $260,000,000, against $300,864,324,18 for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1866. This shows a decrease of $40,000,000 for the year, and is just equal to the commissioner's revised estimates made after the reductions in the tax law were agreed upon. The Treasury balance will be largely reduced during July. The internal revenue receipts for that month are estimated at $20,000,000, but, besides $10,000,000 of gold interest, due 1st instant, and $21,000,000 of compound notes, with accrued interest, due July 15, there will be heavy payments made on account of the army, out of the appropriations for 1868.

—There is unusual uniformity about the character of the reports from all parts of the country respecting the grain crops. Everywhere the extent of wheat and corn planted is represented as unusually large, and the condition of the crops is highly promising. Altogether the prospect, so far, appears to promise one of the most abundant harvests ever known in the country. The late high price of breadstuffs has naturally encouraged liberal preparations among the farmers; and, more recently, the prospect of a great war in Europe has operated in the same direction. It is of especial importance that all reports from the South represent the probability of a much larger crop of corn and wheat in that section the past year. The planters have found it a costly policy to have to rely upon the West for their food products, and are not likely this year to repeat the error of neglecting the grain crops. The cotton factors are very generally making the condition of their advices to the planters that they raise sufficient grain and pork at least for their own consumption. It is very much owing to the short supplies of grain in the South that breadstuffs have ruled at such extraordinary prices during the last six months, and the obviation of this source of drain upon the Western market must tend very materially to reduce the prices of flour and grain.

—Since the recent speculation for a rise commenced, considerable interest has been taken in the Northwestern stocks, the common taking the lead. Rumor has it that doubts exist as to the legality of any dividend on the Preferred as to the exclusion of the common stocks, and as none are entertained, if the crops are safely gathered, of the ability of the road to earn at least 7 per cent upon all classes of its bonds and stocks, the holders of the common stock look to its taking a higher relative position in the market. Competent authorities estimate that the road will earn $2,000,000 per month this fall, which is more than ever has been taken in the same space of time by any road in America.—*New York Tribune.*

—Several capitalists of Rochester, N. Y., have started a bank under the State law. This institution has a capital of $100,000, and is called the Bank of Monroe. It will issue no notes for circulation, but will deal in loans, discounts and deposits.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, July 5, 1867.

CRUDE—The market was considerably excited to-day, and with an improved demand and light offerings, prices have still further advanced. Sale of 900 bbls, first water, at 75½; 2000 for July at 75½; 1000 bbls on spot in tank, at 8; and 5,000 bbls in bulk on private terms. Here is an advance of about two cents within the past few days, and as the foreign advices continue favorable, holders expect to realize still higher figures. There is no oil to be had now except wast in tank, and as some of the tank men were unfortunate in buying too soon, they will doubtless consider themselves lucky if they get out clear; while others can now realize a handsome profit. A telegram from Oil City quoted at $9,20 at that point.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was again considerably excited to-day, and while in spot oil, there is no change in price, later deliveries have advanced considerably, and upon the whole, there is a more active demand. Sale of 500 bbls for July delivery in Philadelphia, at 29; 1000 on spot at 29; 1000 for July, sellers option, at 28; 500 for July at 28, on cars at works here; 1000 for August at 29, delivered in Philadelphia, and we heard of direct offers for October at 28½. It was conjectured on Wednesday that the market would reset to-day, but such has not been the case; nor is it likely to do so until the foreign markets take a turn back. It was reported to-day that the Antwerp quotations had gone up to 43 francs.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. Y. R. R.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co, 400 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co, Phila.

Lockhart & Frew, 272 do do to W. G. Warden Phila.

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Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 5.—Beef cattle dull, and unchanged. Hogs active and 50@10c higher, at $5,75@6,25 for fair to good shipping. Sheep quiet and unchanged.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. feb9:130

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } THURSDAY, July 5, 1866. {

The general markets were quiet to-day, the great proportion of the transactions being of an unimportant character, while so far as relates to prices there are no changes worthy of special notice.

GRAIN—Nothing doing in Wheat and but little arriving. Oats firm and in demand; sales of 250 bushels on track, at 67, and two car loads sold the other day at 70. Corn is quiet and unchanged; prime yellow may be quoted at 88@90. Rye is dull but unchanged at $1,20@1,25. No movement in Barley. Buckwheat is selling at $2.

FLOUR—There seems to be a very fair local demand, and while the market is a little weak and shaky, prices have undergone little or no change, though the tendency is downward. We continue to quote at $11@11,50 for fair to good Spring Wheat, and $11,75@12,00 for choice do; and $17@17,50 for fancy brands. Rye Flour, $8@8,25.

PROVISIONS—There is a continued fair demand for Bacon and prices are well sustained; sales of 6000 lbs Shoulders at 9½; 4000 lbs Ribbed Sides at 11¾; and 12,000 lbs Sugar Cured Hams at 17½. There is little or no demand for Lard or Mess Pork.

POTATOES—Prime Peach Blows are steady with regular sales at $1,20 per bushel. New Potatoes firm and a shade higher; sales reported at $6@6,50 per barrel.

EGGS—Sale of 12 tons Short at $1,75. The last sales of Middling we had reported were at $2.25@2,30.

BUTTER—There is some little inquiry for prime fresh Butter. Common packed is hard to sell at any price.

EGGS—Quiet and unchanged at 18c for fresh packed.

OIL—Sales of 10 bbls No. 2 Lard Oil at 85c, and 30 bbls No. 1 at $1,04.

HAY—Continues to come in from the country pretty freely, but prices remain unchanged, ranging from $16@20, as to quality.

GREEN APPLES—Scarce and in demand; may be quoted at $7@8 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Continues exceedingly dull and it looks as though a good deal of it will have to be carried over until next season.

PITTSBURGH METAL AND BLOOM MARKET—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY July 5, 1867. {

The market for metal was more active this week, the reported sales in the aggregate being unusually large, but aside from this, there are no new features worthy of special notice. The demand, it would appear, is restricted mainly to western irons, and, as will be seen below, there were several pretty snug round lot operations consummated—one commission house reporting the sale of one thousand tons, and another of over seven hundred. These sales would indicate an apprehension on the part of some of the mill owners of a probable advance, and a disposition to take advantage of the low prices now prevailing and "stock-up." There is also a continued fair demand for Blooms at last week's prices.

PIG IRON—NATIVE ORE.

500 tons	Youghiogheny	$38 00—4 mos
90 do	do Foundry	40 00—4 mos
20 do	do extra do	40 00— cash

ANTHRACITE.

35 tons	No. 1 Foundry	$47 00— cash
30 do	do No. 2	45 00— cash
200 do	do Mottled and White Nutr'l	42 00—6 mos
30 do	do Duncannon	42 00— cash
32 do	No. 2 Josephine	44 00— cash

CHARCOAL.

38 tons	mixed	$47 00—4 mos
14 do	Oliphant	54 00— cash

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

1000 tons	Mahoning Valley Forge, P. T.	
733 do	do do do do.	$40 00—4 mos
100 do	Open Gray, fav. brand	42 00— cash
50 do	do do	42 00—4 mos
80 do	do do	42 50—4 mos

BLOOMS.

40 tons	No. 1 Juniata
40 do	do do
10 do	Washington

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } TUESDAY, July 2, 1867. {

The recurrence of the national holiday, as is always the case, had a tendency to retard business this week, and while at best the cattle market has been hard for some weeks past, this week, was considerably harder than any preceding week for some time. There is no apparent falling off in the demand, but shippers appear determined not to buy unless they can do so at a still further reduction, and holders are either obliged to submit or else ship on further east, which is decidedly risky this season of the year, which have materially reduced the currency balance. The customs receipts for June will probably reach $13,500,000, and the receipts for internal revenue for the month show a footing of $20,400,000 in round numbers, an increase of $3,800,000 on May, and but $1,000,000 less than for the corresponding month to 1866. The aggregate receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, are $260,000,864,324,18, against $300,864,324,18 for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1866. This shows a decrease of $40,000,000 for the year, and is just equal to the commissioner's revised estimates made after the reductions in the tax law were agreed upon. The Treasury balance will be largely reduced during July. The internal revenue receipts for that month are estimated at $20,000,000, but, besides $10,000,000 of gold interest, due 1st instant, and $21,000,000 of compound notes, with accrued interest, due July 15, there will be heavy payments made on account of the army, out of the appropriations for 1868.

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Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 139.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 5, 1867.

GOLD AND MONEY.

Money quiet and easy at 4@6 per cent. for call loans. Sterling quiet, at 9½@10½. Gold firmer, opening at 139, declining to 138¾, advancing to 139¾, and closing at 139@139. The shipments to-morrow will be about $1,000,000, should the steamer Aspinwall arrive at the dock in time to allow the removal of her treasure.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks are ¼@¾ better, with more doing; Coupons '81, 109¾@110¾; do '62, 111¼@111¾; do '64, 108¼@108¾; do '65, 108¾@109¼; do new, 107¼@ 07¾; 7-30s, 107¼@107¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks opened buoyant and closed heavy and lower.

5:30 P. M. prices—Ohio Certificates 27@27¼; Cumberland 36¾@37¼; Quicksilver 32@34; Mariposa 9¾; Preferred 21¾; Vixen 65¾@65¾; Pacific Mail 141@141½; Atlantic Mail 107¼@ 107¾; New York Central 105¼@105½; Erie 67¾@68; Hudson 105¾@106; Reading 106¾ @106¾; Michigan Central 119@119½; Michigan Southern 85¼@85¾; Illinois Central 122¼@ 122; Pittsburg 86¾@87; Toledo 121¼@121½; Rock Island 96¾@96¾; North western 45¾@ 46; do preferred, 67@67¼; Fort Wayne 100¼ @101; Wabash, 49¼@49¾.

MINING SHARES.

Mining market heavy and lower. Gregory, 600; Corydon, 100; Quartz Hill, 1,05@1,06; Davidson Copper, 125; Smith and Parmlee, 440; Wendell, 80@90; La Crosse, 90@100; United States Petroleum, 375.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

Receipts of the Sub-Treasury, $1,355,004; payments, $1,621,967; balance, $136,949,284.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 5.—Tobacco active, with large offerings, and prices higher; lugs, $2@5; common leaf, $3@7,50; factory dried, $7@14; dark fillers, $6,50@7,00; bright do, $10@ 18; black wrappers, $10@15; good and bright leaf, $25@40; fancy, $50@90. Hemp low, at $1,05@1,07 for undressed, and $2,80 for dressed. Flour not materially changed; low grades are almost unsaleable; extra, $9; double extra, $10@11; choice, $12@13,50; fancy, $14@15,50. Wheat stiffer, at $1,34 for No. 2 spring; $1,81 for No. 1; $2,00 for prime old; $2,05@2,06 for No. 1, and $2,20@2,25 for choice old and new. Corn firm for choice and very dull for low grades; prices range at 80@86c for dark heavy and lower, at 69@ 73c. Rye dull and lower, at 97@98c. Provisions firmer. Mess Pork higher, at $21,75 @22,00. Bacon, clear sides, 12½@ clear rib do, 11¾@; shoulders, 9¾@; sugar cured Hams, 15@ 16@. Lard, 12c for choice kettle. Whisky 30c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 5.—The dry goods market was generally quiet with but little change to notice in prices. Good Denims sold somewhat freely at an advance of 1c per yard, such as the Otis AXA, which bring 28½. Low makes of Sea Island Cotton are firm and closing at 36c per yard; but on a few makes of Bleached Muslins there is a slight decline. The Social goods are offered at 19, and Hill Semper Idem 21. Prints, Delaines, Ginghams and colored and plain Cottons generally steady and in limited request. Woolens languid.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 5.—Sales of 350 hhds. tobacco including premium on 1 and 2 to 8c. Flour, scarce. Superfine new wheat, white, nominal at $7. Corn; shelled and delivered 90@95c. Oats, 70@75c. Refined, 12½c; sugars advanced ¼c. Mess pork, $21,25. Bacon, shoulders, 9½c, packed; clear sides, 12½c; plain sugar cured hams, 15½@; fancy hams, 16½@17c. Lard, 11¾c. Raw whisky in bond $2,30. Potatoes—new, $4.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, July 5.—Coffee; quiet and unchanged. Flour scarce; demand higher; prices irregular. Wheat; new, white, $2,30@ $3,00; old red, $2,60@2,90, the latter for choice Maryland. Corn; active and advanced 2c for white; sales at $1,13@1,15; yellow $1,06@1,08; mixed western, $1,02. Oats, 80@ 90c. Provisions; very firm with full prices for bulk meats and bacon. Whisky unchanged. Sugar steady.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 5.—Flour dull. Wheat quiet; new to arrive at $2,30. Corn dull; mixed western $1,08. Oats firm. Petroleum; excited and unsettled; in bond 28c. Coffee unchanged.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., July 5—86 bbls whisky, J S Finch; 100 barrels oil, Schaefer & Lang; 200 pigs lead, Rea & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Keil & Kitchard; 10 kgs peach, barley, W Hastage; lot scrap iron, Graff, Bennett & Co; 10 bbls sugars, Keg & Lang; 5 bbls do, Atwell, Lee & Co; 56 do do do, Newcomer, Goe & Co; 24 bbls leather, Lappe & Weise; 3 kgs butter, 5 bbls sugars, Keg & Lang; 1 car oil cake, J Corvin; 20 sks oats, T Moore; 2 bbls liquor, Walker, Goe & Co; 35 coils rope, Fulton, Bollman & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD July 3.—275 bars iron, Martin, Brickell & Co; 2 cars pig metal, A Laughlin; 1 do do, Nimick & Co; 1 car hides, Graff, Bennett & Co; 6 pkgs leather, J Graham; 20 rolls leather, W Flaccus & Son; 30 sks oats, S Murfield; 12 bales wool, S Bradley & Son.

A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP has been entered into, to commence from the 10TH DAY OF JUNE, 1867, and to continue to JUNE 30TH, 1870, between EMIL SCHALK, of the City of Pittsburgh, and CHARLES LENNIG, of the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, the business to be that of dealing in and the refining of Petroleum, Coal or Shale Oils, and the disposal, in exhaustive use, of the articles used in the refining process, either by sale or further manufacture; to be conducted in the name of EMIL SCHALK, the General Partner, in the City of Pittsburgh. CHARLES LENNIG is the Special Partner, who has contributed thereto the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars in cash.

EMIL SCHALK, General Partner.
CHARLES LENNIG, Special Partner.
Pittsburgh, June 10th, 1867.

Before me, A. S. NICHOLSON, an Alderman of the City of Pittsburgh, County of Allegheny, state of Pennsylvania, personally appeared EMIL SCHALK, and made affirmation that CHARLES LENNIG has, as Special Partner contributed in cash the sum of $50,000 to the Partnership Capital of which he, the said EMIL SCHALK, is the General Partner.

Pittsburgh, June 10th, 1867. je18:s74

THE PEOPLE'S

TEA STORE,

Wilson & Underwood.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.

No. 15 South West Diamond,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Call and examine our stock and prices. ap7:xss-dF

WALL PAPER!

AT REDUCED PRICES!

TO SUIT THE TIMES!

At No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

je1

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

Between Liberty and Ferry streets, Orders promptly attended to. apl5:s92

FOR SALE—That DESIRABLE House and Lot at 62 Sixth St.,

Between Smithfield and Grant street, containing thirteen rooms, with all the modern conveniences, wash house, roomy yard, and two-story house in the rear, &c.

For particulars inquire at THE PREMISES. je26:b19

SIGN OF BLINDS.—JOHN A BROWN & CO., 116 SMITHFIELD STREET opposite the Postoffice keep on hand, or make promptly to order, a variety of elegant Venetian Blinds—price $6.00 and upwards. New style of Window Shades, $1.50 and upwards. Curtain Cloths, Rod, Holland, Mats, Rugs, Ottomans, Blind and Picture Cords and Tassels. Also at the same store, on hand or made to order, a fine stock of White and Calico Shirts, Collars, &c., for gentlemen's wear. mh6:s40

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNER-SHIP—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by either of the partners.

GEORGE GRAY.
FORT LEDDELL.

Per T. B. Hamilton & Co., the Attorneys. June 19th, 1867—je21:s73

THE CHEAP HAT AND SHOE STORE.

L. B. GUNDERMAN,

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